The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

THE CAPITAL.

General Sherman's Annual Report.

The Inadequacy of Our Small Army Deprecated.

Report of Lieut. Gen. Sheridan

The Black Hills Expedition Pronounced a Successful Reconnoissance.

Supreme Court Decisions.

WASHINGTON, November 9, 1874.

General Sherman's Annual Report to the Secretary of War shows the total number of enlisted men in the army on October 15 to have been 25,441. It estimates that this number will probably be reduced through natural causes by the 1st of January, 1875, to the 25,000 allowed by law. It deprecates the inadequacy of so small an army for the demands of so large an area of territory as it has to be scattered over, involving the necessity of withdrawing troops from one department to meet the requirements of some other a long distance away. It compliments highly the efficiency of General Sheridan and his subordinate officers in maintaining comparative peace in the Indian country. It says the reports of commanding officers demonstrate that the small army of the United States called a "peace establishment" is the hardest worked body of men in this or any country. The discipline and behavior of the officers and men have been worthy of all praise, and whether employed on the extreme and distant frontier or in aiding civil officers in the execution of civil processes, have been a model for the imitation of all good men.

In regard to the removal of his headquarters to St. Louis, he says: I am prepared to execute the duties that may be devolved on me by proper authority. Here I am centrally located, and should occasion arise, I can personally proceed to any point on this continent where my services are needed.

Lieutenant General Sheridan's Annual Report

touches slightly upon General Custer's Black Hills expedition, which it pronounces a successful reconnoissance. The country of the Black Hills was found to be much better than was expected, with plenty of good timber and considerable good soil at high altitudes, and an almost unlimited supply of good water and grass. Some gold was found near Harney's Peak, but of its abundance there is at present no reliable information. Sufficient time could not be given by an expedition such as that of Gen. Custer's to prospect and determine its quantity. General Sheridan again recommends the establishment of a large military post in the Black Hills country.

Of the Indian troubles, General Sheridan says: I respectfully differ with General Pope as to the chief causes of these Indian troubles, and attribute it to the immunity with which tribes have been treated in all their raids into Texas for the past three years. Their depredations have furnished them supplies with which to make raids, and sheltered them from pursuit when they returned with their scalps and plunder. No man of close observation, it seems to me, can travel across the great plains from Nebraska and Wyoming to Texas, and see established ranches, with their hundreds of thousands of head of cattle, sheep and horses, together with the families of the owners, and reasonably think that these people, so much exposed, and having such valuable interests, are desirous of provoking Indian wars. There was a time, possibly, when the population of the Indian frontier may have been desirous of Indian troubles, but that has passed long ago.

Supreme Court.

Home Insurance Company versus Moore and another. Error to the Supreme Court of Wisconsin. This case the Home Insurance Company of New York complied in writing with the statutes of Wisconsin, by which, among other things, it agreed not to remove any case commenced against it in the State Courts to Federal Courts, but upon the commencement of the present case it nevertheless moved for a transfer to a Federal Court. The Court below regarded the statute and agreement as ground for denial of the motion. This Court reversed this judgment based upon that theory, and held that neither a private citizen nor a corporate body may barter away substantial rights, and that the company was entitled to a removal notwithstanding the State law and the contract.

Justice Hunt delivered the opinion. Chief Justice Waite delivered a dissenting opinion, in which Justice Davis concurred, holding that the State had power to enact such a law placing foreign and local business and corporations in the same position as to State authority, and make all doing business in the State amenable to the same tribunals.

In the case of Spratt vs. the United States, the Supreme Court to-day affirmed the judgment of the Court of Claims, holding that the claimant, a Confederate citizen, gained no title to certain cotton by a purchase from an agent of the Confederate States, because these States were without corporate power to take, hold or convey a valid title to any property whatever, and that the claimant was chargeable with notice of treasonable intent of sale by the Confederate Government, to wit: to raise money for the purchase of munitions of war.

Justice Miller delivered the opinion. Justice Field dissented, taking the view that the pardon of the claimant reinstated him in all his civil rights, and gave him an assurance that he should stand in the courts of his country in as good condition as any of his fellow-citizens who had never sinned against the authority of the Government.

Trial of the Conspirators.

In the safe burlary case to-day the time to the recess was occupied in taking testimony to show the general good character of Zirruth and Hayes. One witness admitted, under cross-examination, that Harrington had talked to him about Zirruth. Another testified that he was instructed to hunt up something against Hayes. He was told Whitely wanted to know something about him. Witness had been to Whitely's office about the case, and saw Whitely there. Whitely asked witness what information he had found about Hayes. Witness told him that he had found out that he could be hired for any kind of business, and could not be believed. Whitely said that was good.

After the recess the testimony was unimportant. Mr. Davidge requested the court to adjourn till to-morrow, to enable the defense to produce more witnesses.

Adjourned.

Washed Postage Stamps.

The Third Assistant Postmaster General, in his annual report, estimates that the proportion of washed stamps used again in payment of postage is five per cent. of the value of all stamps sold each year, causing an annual loss of $1,000,000 to the revenues of the department.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, November 9, 1874.

Tilton vs. Beecher.

The civil suit brought by Theodore Tilton against Rev. Henry Ward Beecher came up this morning before Judge Reynolds in the City Court of Brooklyn, which was crowded with spectators, among whom were many ladies. The plaintiff was present and sat beside his counsel, ex-Judge Fullerton, Wm. A. Beach, ex-Judge Morris and Roger A. Pryor. Mr. Beecher was absent, but was represented by General Tracy and Mr. Shearman. When the case was called, Mr. Morris answered that he was ready, but Mr. Shearman objected to the trial being commenced before the appeal had been heard on the order issued by Judge Nielson, and asked for delay so that certain papers, which were necessary in the case, should be printed. Judge Reynolds fixed the time for hearing the argument on the appeal at 2 P. M., Friday next, and the trial of the case was set down for Wednesday week, at 10:30 A. M.

District Attorney Winslow then made an application that Francis D. Moulton should plead to the indictment found against him for libeling Miss Edna Dean Proctor. Ex-Judge Fullerton, who appeared for Moulton, expressed the opinion that this matter was being pressed forward with unnecessary haste by the District Attorney, who replied that it was only taken up in its order. The counsel for Moulton then asked for a postponement until to-morrow morning, so as to put in a special plea of postponement, which was granted.

The Moulton-Proctor Libel Case.

Upon retiring from the Brooklyn City Court room to-day, Ex-Judge Fullerton visited the United States Court building and filed the reply of Mr. Moulton to the complaint of Edna Dean Proctor in the suit for libel. The document is lengthy in the extreme. Moulton admits he knew the lady mentioned in connection with the scandal to be the plaintiff, and felt himself to be cured by a combination of circumstances to make the statement which is deemed libelous. After Beecher's testimony it became a matter of self-defence for Moulton to make public his version of the matter.

THE "Sherman House," located on the corner of Clark and Randolph streets, Chicago, is built in the most thorough manner, with all modern improvements, and contains 300 of the finest rooms in any hotel on the continent. Every room has a fire alarm connecting with the main office, and the entire house is fire-proof, all portions being brick, and all floors built in Paris style, with cement between the joists. When you go to Chicago, stop at the "Sherman."

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—The funeral of Mr. Edward Creighton took place in Omaha on Monday.

—The body of Mrs. Gen. Rawlins passed through Omaha, for the East, on Monday.

—A fire at Ft. Madison, Iowa, on Sunday night, destroyed two livery stables, several stores and dwelling houses.

—The Louisiana Returning Board will meet to-morrow and begin its work of canvassing the returns of the recent election.

—The President has appointed John W. Fuller Collector of Customs for the District of Miami, Ohio, vice Patrick Slevin, resigned.

—There are fully 40,000 people in Kansas and Nebraska who are either now or will shortly be in absolute want of the necessaries of life.

—Judge Trimble, of Vienna, La., at the instance of citizens, remitted the fine and revoked the order of imprisonment against Lieutenant Hodgson.

—General Emory has sent one of his staff to St. Martinsville, La., to investigate the charges of ungentlemanly conduct made by Gen. Alexander De'Clouet against Lieut. De'Rudis.

—Articles of association of the Bedford, Springfield, Owensboro & Bloomfield Railroad were filed on Monday with the Secretary of State of Indiana. The capital is one million dollars. The contemplated road is to run from Bedford to Bloomfield, thirty miles.

—The steamer Jos. Kinney struck a snag just below Cairo, on Monday evening. She stove a hole in her side, and was run on a bar on the Kentucky shore, where she sunk. Her bow is in four and her stern in nine feet of water. The extent of the damage is not known yet.

—On the 29th of October Joseph Robbins, a bridge watchman at Kaskakea river, on the Vandalia Railroad in Illinois, was murdered. Nathan Burgus, a neighbor of Robbins, was arrested, and the evidence against him was so strong that he has made a confession in open Court.

—At Central Village, Conn., on Saturday, a boy twelve years of age shot his brother, aged two years, dead on the spot, and wounded his sister so severely that she is not expected to live. The deed was accidentally done with an old gun which was left loaded in a bedroom.

WEATHER REPORT.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., November 9, 1874.

Local Observations.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Humidit.	Wind.	Weather.
7 A. M.	30:00	55	67	E.	Lt. rain
2 P. M.	29:96	61	40	N. W.	Fair.
9 P. M.	30:10	46	84	N. W.	Clear.

Mean Barometer, 30:05.
Mean Thermometer, 52.
Highest Thermometer, 63.
Lowest Thermometer, 46.

GEO. H. ROHE,
Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

Daily Bulletin.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATORY,
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 9, 1874, 10:48 P. M.

The weather at Cairo was fair, thermometer 61; Cincinnati, clear, thermometer 53; Davenport, Iowa, fair, thermometer 56; Fort Gibson, I. T., clear, thermometer 31; Indianapolis, fair, thermometer 54; Keokuk, clear, thermometer 58; La Crosse, cloudy, thermometer 52; Leavenworth, fair, thermometer 55; Louisville, clear, thermometer 56; Memphis, Tenn, cloudy, thermometer 70; Nashville, Tenn., foggy, thermometer 61; Omaha, Neb., clear, thermometer 46; Pittsburgh, clear, thermometer 44; Shreveport, clear, thermometer 71; St. Louis, Mo., clear, thermometer 59; St. Paul, clear, thermometer 42; Vicksburg, Miss., clear, thermometer 68; Yankton, D. T., clear, thermometer 36; North Platte, fair, thermometer 51.

GEO. H. ROHE,
Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 1 A. M., Nov. 10, 1874.

Probabilities for To-Day.

For New England, the Middle States and the lower lake region, generally clear weather, southwest to northwest winds, followed by lower temperature and stationary or rising barometer.

THE ELECTIONS.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, November 9.—Returns, official and unofficial, give Moncure, Conservative candidate for State Treasurer, 7,159 majority—777 less than McEnery's, in 1872.

The Republicans still claim Dubuclet's election by a small majority.

ALABAMA.

MONTGOMERY, November 9.—The vote of Senator Spencer was challenged at Decatur by a life-long citizen, on the ground that he did not live there. Spencer claims Decatur as his home.

The Democratic majority in the State will be 15,000. Six Democratic Congressmen have been elected, and there will be thirty Democratic majority on joint ballot in the Legislature.

Alexander White and many other prominent Republicans are in caucus here, but for what purpose is unknown.

THE ELECTION.

Official Returns of Counties.

Cambria County.

Republican.		*Democratic.*	
Lieut. Gov.—Olmsted,	2238	Latta,	2207
Aud. Gen.—Allen,	2342	Temple,	2371
Sec. Int. Af.—Heath,	2241	McCandless,	2369
Supreme Judge—Paxson,	2247	Woodward,	2367
Congress—Blair,	1928	Reilly,	2738
Assembly—Lapely,	2491	Hannan,	2270
" —Gales,	2203	Black,	2367
Prothono.—Kinkead,	2029	McColgan,	2365
Dist. Atty.—Kerr,	2082	Rose,	2489
Coroner—Myers,	1885	Campbell,	2472
" —Grambling,	2310	McClelland,	2221
Director—Hopple,	2284	Hinck,	2236
Auditor—Judge,	2304	Mooney,	2300
" —Will,	2203	Fiske,	2315
Surveyor—Vickroy,	2307	Scanlon,	2322
Commissioner—Walters,	2285	Brady,	2270
Pres. Judges—Potts,	1015	Barnes,	1247
Asso. Judges—Hamilton,	1215	Keim,	1167
" —Gayley,	1215	Barthold,	1140

Delaware County.

Lieut. Governor—Olmsted	3599	Latta,	2207
Auditor General—Allen	3564	Temple,	2231
Sec. Int'l Affairs—Heath	3573	McCandless,	2307
Supreme Judge—Paxson	3588	Woodward	2287
Pres. Judges—Broomall,	2643	Clayton, Ind	2303
Congress—Townsend	3547	Forwood,	2409
Assembly—May	1804	Talley,	2453
" —Harvey,	1842	Worrall,	2367
" —Hinkson	1914		
" —Marshall	1364		
Prothonotary—Johnson	3595	Chess,	2182
Recorder—Walton	3310	Rhodes	2454
Register—Lees	3568	Culbert,	2118
Commissioner—Holland	2871	Lloyd,	2859
Director—Harvey	3578	Engle,	2236
" —Minshall	3586	Wagle,	2246
Auditors—Garrett	3579	Osborne	2215
" —Cheyney,	3609	Marsh,	2165

Lycoming County.

Lieut. Governor—Olmsted	5332	Latta,	4363
Aud. General—Allen	5327	Temple,	4363
Sec. Int. Affairs—Heath	5324	McCandless,	4365
Supreme Judge—Paxson	5324	Woodward	4367
Congress—Blair	3361	Earley,	4467
Assembly—Hill	3781	Reighard,	4091
" —M. Slack	3417	Gately,	4102
" —Hilborn	3122	G. J. Slack,	4462
Sheriff—Hutson	3615	Mahaffey,	4403
Dist. Attorney—Crawford	3462	Hart,	4341
Prothonotary—Kline	3527	Blair,	4476
Commissioner—Stryker	3484	Maffet,	4402
Auditor—Lloyd	3561	Follmer	4456
" —Mcgeary	3556	Sweeley	4508
Surveyor—Rieder	3563	Laird,	4483

Washington County.

Lieut. Gov.—Olmsted	4322	Latta,	4366
Auditor General—Allen	4243	Temple	4297
Sec. Int. Af.—Heath	4271	McCandless	4288
Supreme Judge—Paxson	4248	Woodward	4258
Congress—Wallace	3915	Campbell	4519
Assembly—Billingsby	4396	Barnett,	4427
" —Hall	4251	Birch,	4274
" —Farrer	4388	Kerr,	4113
Dist. Atty—McIlwaine	4369	McCarrell	4291
Commissioner—Gaston,	4369	Hixson,	4291
Director—Murdoch	4318	Bartholomew	4171
Surveyor—White,	4404	Riple,	4251
Coroner—Byers,	4393	Horn,	4218
Auditor—McClain	4329	Wilson,	4304

UNIONTOWN, PA.

How Colonel Andrew Stewart Reduced Majorities in Democratic Strongholds—A Few Facts and Figures.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Nov. 7, 1874.

I notice a telegram in your issue of Friday, and it is reiterated in to-day's issue, stating that the majority in Fayette county for Jacob Turney, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Twenty-fourth District, is 1,484. Such is not the case by any means. The official returns gave him a majority of only 184, which is quite a difference. Colonel Andrew Stewart, the Republican candidate, reduced the Democratic majority from 677 in 1872 to 184—a reduction of 493. In Greene county he cut down the majority from 1655 in 1872 to 1,120—a gain of 515, or 1,008 in both counties. At this time the returns from Westmoreland county have not been received, but it is believed that Colonel Stewart's gain there, will be almost as great as in Fayette and Greene counties. It is claimed by the friends of Colonel Stewart that, under the circumstances, he made a better run than any other Congressional candidate in the State.

We Claim

For the Manhattan Spring Bed a greater elasticity, better material in manufacture, greater simplicity and convenience, and a more delightful place of rest than any other bed.

THOMPSON & Co.,
84 Wood street.

SECOND EDITION

FOREIGN.

The Siege of Irun Raised.

A Fault Discovered in the Direct Cable.

Famine in Asia Minor.

Panic in a Church in Montreal.

GREAT BRITAIN.

A Fault in the Direct Cable.

LONDON, November 9.—Advices from the steamer Fanaday state that up to 8 A. M. 1,461 miles of cable have been paid out, but at six P. M. a fault was discovered in the cable, but too late to prevent it from being passed overboard, the wind blowing a gale, and the cable was buoyed. When the cable was buoyed the Fanaday was in latitude 48 degrees 37 minutes north, longatude 44 degrees 55 minutes west. The depth of water was decreasing, the ship being one hundred and eighty miles from where it was intended to splice on the shore end.

Lord Mayor's Day.

LONDON, November 9.—The festivities of Lord Mayor's Day were concluded with a grand banquet at Guild Hall. Among the distinguished persons present were Disraeli, Lord Cairns, Earl of Derby, Marquis of Salisbury, Sir Stafford Northcote, Right Hon. Messrs. Hardy, Hunt and Cross, Lord John Manners and Rt. Hon. Mr. Goschen.

SPAIN.

The Siege of Irun Raised.

MADRID, November 9.—The Carlists have raised the siege of Irun. Don Carlos has arrived at Hendaye, France, accompanied by his staff, and the Madrid Government has demanded that they be arrested. Republican successes over the Carlists elsewhere are announced.

A Denial.

PARIS, November 9.—The truth of the Spanish Government's announcement that the siege of Irun has been raised is denied by Carlists here, who profess to have information that the besiegers are violently cannnading that town to-day. They also state that Don Carlos visited all the outposts yesterday. A Republican battalion has landed at Fontarabia, and a decisive action is expected to take place to-morrow.

CANADA.

Small-Pox in Montreal.

MONTREAL, November 9.—The small-pox is still on the increase here. The Hotel Dieu and General Hospital are overcrowded. The Hall House, in Mt. Mountain Park, has been taken possession of, and ten patients placed there since Saturday.

Panic in a Church.

MONTREAL, November 9.—During special services in the Feens Irish Catholic church this morning an alarm of fire was given, when the large congregation made a rush for the doors. Fully three hundred people were trampled under foot and many fatally injured.

FRANCE.

The Forthcoming Presidential Message.

PARIS, November 9.—*La Presse*, a semi-official organ, says that the forthcoming message of President McMahon will demonstrate to the Assembly the necessity of organizing a Septennate, and then of dissolving, and will announce that the Government disapproves of the tardiness of the Committee of Thirty, and will submit a Constitutional scheme of its own.

The Duke DeMouchy has been elected in the Department of Oise by 69,000 votes.

ASIA MINOR.

The Famine.

CONSTANTINOPLE, November 9.—Despite the Government measures in Asia Minor the famine continues. The Khedive of Egypt has sent corn to the distressed districts. Mr. Baker, the British Consul General, Philip Francis, the British Consul General, and Mr. Lindy, a French banker, have formed a relief committee.

ITALY.

The Elections.

ROME, November 9.—Additional returns from the voting yesterday for the Chamber of Deputies show that all the Ministers have been reelected. Up to the present time it is known that in one hundred and sixty-five districts the elections were decided, and in seventy-three second ballots will be required.

GERMANY.

Electing Priests by Congregations.

BERLIN, November 9.—The first attempt of the Prussian Government to have priests elected by congregations has taken place at Sandsberg, and resulted in an utter failure. Only eleven persons offered to vote.

INDIA.

Restoring Peace in a Family.

CALCUTTA, November 8.—Through the influence of the Viceroy of India, a conciliatory negotiations have been begun between Yokoob Kahn and his father.

MILLERSTOWN.

The Vacant Seat in Congress—Col. Jno. M. Thompson Urged to Become a Candidate to Fill the Unexpired Term of Hon. E. McJunkin.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.

MILLERSTOWN, Nov. 9, 1874.

A call is being numerously signed by leading men of both parties in Butler and Armstrong counties, soliciting Col. Jno. M. Thompson, of Butler, to become a candidate to fill the unexpired term of Hon. E. McJunkin in the present Congress. Col Thompson will have little or no opposition if he consents to be the candidate.

IMPORTANT DECISION.

The Supreme Court Affirms the Judgment of the Court Below.

In the Supreme Court yesterday morning a decision was given in the case of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, operating the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Road, against James and wife. This was an action on the case, brought in the District Court of this county, against the Railroad Company, for damages for the death of their infant child, killed at Superior Station on the C. & P. Road last August. The Court below gave the parents sixteen hundred dollars damage, and an appeal was taken by the Railroad Company. The latter claimed that the father contributed to the negligence, and also that Councils had no power to regulate the speed of trains running through the city.

The opinion in the above case was delivered by Chief Justice Agnew, in an able judgement, and accordingly pronounced it affirmed.

The Death of Rev. William Owens.

A large meeting of the Welsh citizens of this city and vicinity was held last evening in the Welsh Baptist church, Chatham street, for the purpose of expressing their sorrow in the loss of the Rev. Wm. Owens. Mr. D. A. Jones was called to the chair, and Mr. Thomas Jones elected as Secretary. A committee consisting of Ald. H. J. Thomas, Wm. Lewis, Miles S. Humphreys, Chas. Jeremy, David Lewis, D. C. Jones, Elias Powell and D. C. Davis were appointed for the purpose of drafting resolutions. During the absence of the committee short addresses were delivered by several prominent Welsh citizens, expressive of regret and sympathy, each recognizing that the Welsh people of our city and country had lost one of their greatest men. The committee in a short time reported the following:

1st. That the friends of the family request that the remains of the deceased be removed to the church at 11 A. M., where they will remain in state until 1 P. M., when religious service will commence under the auspices of the Deacons of the church.

2d. That a procession be formed to lead the funeral, and that the Welsh citizens in Pittsburgh invites all the friends of the deceased to join them in the procession.

3d. That the procession be formed under the supervision of the committee, and as the deceased having expended forty years of active Christian life in the midst of his countrymen in this city, all are respectfully invited to lay aside the toils of the day and cordially unite in paying this last tribute to his mortal remains.

The committee presented the following:

WHEREAS, From time immemorial, the Welch people have been conspicuous for the devotion to the cause of liberty and religion. And whereas it has pleased the mighty God, in his wisdom to remove from his labor, to his reward, our beloved brother, teacher, pastor and fellow citizen Rev. Wm. Owens. Therefore be it

Resolved, That while we bow with humble submission to the decrees of an all wise Providence, we recognize that in the death of our lamented brother and fellow citizen, the Welch people of this city and county, have lost a life devoted friend, an earnest advocate and an able pure hearted Christian teacher.

Resolved, That we tender our sincere sympathy to the family of our deceased brother, in this their sad hour of bereavement, praying that they with us may during the time yet allotted to us in this life, strive with a Christian zeal to emulate his noble example.

THOMAS JONES,
Secretary.

BREVITIES.

....Last Tuesdays election cost the county $5,594.83.

....Allegheny Councils will hold a meeting Thursday evening.

....Councils settled down to work yesterday, and transacted business at a lively rate.

....The case of Dr. Parker will come up before United State Commissioner Gamble to-day.

....The live stock shipments over the Ft. Wayne Railroad to this city are said to be unusually heavy just now.

....A gold charm bearing the name of J. K. Smiley, Pittsburgh, was found in Allegheny yesterday. The owner can get the same at the Allegheny Mayor's Office.

....The *People's Monthly* for October is out. It contains a full page illustration "Waiting for her Escort," a hunting picture, and a political cartoon, with the usual variety of reading matter.

....The county under the fee bill arrangement, gained $1,832.85 last month from the various county office over expenditures and salaries. The largest return was from the Prothonotary's office which turned over $1,037.50.

....The S. P. C. A., meets this afternoon at 3 P. M., at the rooms of the Young Mens' Christian Association, for the purpose of permanent organization. The humane of both sexes are requested to meet for discussion and organization.

....An interesting meeting has been in progress for the last two weeks in Dr. Davidson's church, Allegheny city. Last Sabbath twenty-nine persons united with the Church, and nine the Sabbath before. The meeting continues every evening this week.

....On Saturday the woods on Wm. Stoke's farm, near Freeport, were set on fire by some sportsmen who were out hunting, and the fire spread so rapidly that the entire neighborhood had to turn out. They succeeded in stopping it by cutting down the trees ahead of it.

....The parties who bought refusals on property near the corner of Third avenue and Smithfield street, on the supposition that the new Postoffice would be built there, are getting sick of their investment and have about concluded that their money has gone "where the woodbine twineth."

....A petition for a writ of *habeas corpus* on Superintendent Cordier of the Work House was filed in the Court of Common Pleas yesterday by Thomas D. Evaney by Messrs. Kirkpatrick & Kirkpatrick, to compel him to produce the body of the petitioner, who claims to be illegally confined at Claremont.

....Twelve per cent. on twenty-five thousand dollars is rather hard on us," was the remark of the innocent owner of the indorsed the note. We will wager a big pippin the interest will absorb the principle before the eagle screams from the dome of a new Government building on Third and Fourth avenues.

....The alarm of fire yesterday evening from box 65 was caused by the burning of the roof of a frame house in Skunk hollow, near the junction of Penn avenue and Butler street. But little damage was done. In going to the fire Chief Engineer White was thrown from his hook wagon and injured an arm and hip considerably.

....The maple leaves are thinning, the branches showing bare, and Indian Summer's spinning her web in quiet air. The days are made of sunlight, the wood is wrought of shade, the shades grow ever darker, the sunbeams ever fade. The shadows gather quicker, and darkness lingers long, till silent winter falleth, and silent is my song.

....On Sunday evening a young man named James Finnerty assaulted Anna Smith, a young lady nineteen years of age, while on her way from church, near Mansfield, but was prevented from accomplishing his fiendish design by the interference of the neighbors, who were attracted to the spot by her cries for help. Justice Hill bound him over to Court in the sum of one thousand dollars.

....Rev. Geo. P. Hays, D. D., will deliver a lecture in the "Valley" church, Findley township, on Monday evening, November 23. Subject: "Talk, Wise and Otherwise." It was announced that the lecture would be given on Friday evening, November 20, but it has been postponed. The lecture will be one well worth the week to enjoy a rich intellectual feast, are cordially invited to attend.

....Yesterday morning a young man named John Deimling, of Allegheny, started out on the Allegheny river in a skiff to go hunting. After he had proceeded a little way he got out to pull the skiff over a bar. As he caught hold of the chain attached to the skiff, the end of it had caught on the hammer of his gun, and in pulling it the gun was discharged and the load of shot lodged in his right arm, near the wrist.

....Now would be a good time for Councils to inform Mr. Mullett, the Government architect, that they not intend spending one dollar of the taxpayers' savings to grade Third and Fourth avenues. We understand that he is going to insist that the contract made with those who claimed they had influence enough to sock the city for another two hundred thousand dollars in this line be fulfilled, or he will refuse to ask Congress for any more money. Things are working.

....The recent election has made in the prospective—several vacancies in Allegheny Councils, and the preliminary canvassing has commenced. Mr. McNeill's election leaves his seat in Select Council vacant, and the Fourth ward. Mr. Graham's seat in Select from the Second ward, will also have to be filled. For Mr. McNeill's place Mr. C. W. Anschutz is spoken of, also Mr. P. Walters, Jr. For Graham's place, Mr. Lockhart and Alfred Slack are mentioned. Mr. Stroh, removing from the Third ward, leaves his seat in Common councils vacant, and Sam. Hastings, Wm. Wettach and E. B. Francis are spoken of in this connection.

....The proposition to contest the validity of the last city election is to be based on two points, viz.—That the election was not held under any election law then in existence. The election, it will be remembered, was held partly under the old election law and partly under the new law, which reduced the number of election officers. The city was not districted, nor the other provisions of the new law carried out, and this, it is claimed, renders the election void. 2.—That it was unnecessary to hold an election in 1874, as there were no officers already elected for that year. In Philadelphia, it is claimed, the case was different, as there were no officers there elected for 1874. It is also claimed that the opinion of the Attorney General does not determine the validity of an election, as that functionary merely made specific answers to certain specific questions.

PERSONAL.

***Rev. Dr. C. A. Holmes, formerly of this city, arrived at the Union Depot this morning from Harrisburg.

***The many friends of Henry M. Long, Esq., will be sorry to learn he has been very ill with typhoid fever since the election.

***Our young friend Mr. Dale B. Graham is home from Princeton on a brief vacation. Student life appears to sit agreeably upon him.

***Charley Duff, although acknowledging himself a Duff-er, wishes it distinctly understood that he is not Secretary Duff of the Water Committee, nor James K. Polk Duff, who almost was District Attorney.

***Wells W. Leggett, Esq., a prominent patent attorney at Washington, D. C., and a son of Gen. M. D. Leggett, is in the city. He is employed as counsel in the patent oil torpedo case of Roberts Against Peck, McKenna & Co.

***Mr. Hill Burgwin made his appearance in Council yesterday after a long absence, during which the vexations of municipal matters gave way with him to the pleasantries of Ritualistic and kindred discussions in the Episcopal Convention at New York.

***Duff, it is said, will contest the District Attorneyship on the ground of some irregularities in certain returns. It is too bad the have a man's name so near so close to the front, and then cruelly take it away from him, and any man under the circumstances would be justified in yielding to political indigestion, and vowing dreadful things.

MORTUARY REPORT.

Deaths Last Week in Pittsburgh and Allegheny City.

Dr. Snively, Physician to the Board of Health, reports fifty-five deaths in the city for the week ending Saturday last. Among these, five were from typhoid fever, which, with the twelve deaths in Allegheny city from the same cause, make a total of seventeen from that disease alone. The detailed report for this city is as follows:

CAUSES OF DEATH.—Drowning, 1; by burn, 1; asthma, 3; apoplexy, 3; cancer of breast, 1; chicken pox, 1; cerebro-spinal sclerosis, 1; cerebrospinal fever, 9; consumption, 2; convulsions, 2; dypetheritis, 1; debility, 5; dysentery, 1; dystocia, 1; typhoid fever, 5; scarlet fever, 2; remittent fever, 2; heart, disease not specified, 1; congestion of lung, 1; meningitis, 1; premature birth, 1; pneumonitis, 3; rheumatism, 1; tumor of neck, 1; unknown, 1; whooping-cough, 1. Total, 55.

COLOR.—White, 53; colored, 2.

SOCIAL RELATIONS.—Married, 19; single, 31; widows, 3; widowers, 1; not stated, 1. Total, 55.

AGE.—Under 1 year, 10; from 1 to 2 years, 2; 2 to 5, 13; 5 to 10, 2; 15 to 20, 2; 20 to 30, 6; 30 to 40, 2; 40 to 50, 7; 50 to 60, 3; 60 to 70, 7; 70 to 80, 1. Total, 55.

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Health Officer Hoch's exhibit of the deaths last week in Allegheny is as follows: Typhoid fever, 12; consumption, 3; putrid scarlatina, 2; erysipelas, inanition, 2; meconteric fever, 2. Of the following, 1 each: scarlet fever, remittant fever, still born, phthisis pulmonalis, dysentery, congestion of the brain, child-bed fever, marasmus, apoplexy, spinal typhus, premature birth, asthma, enteritis, and old age. Total, 38; whites, 36; colored, 2.

THE COURTS.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court.

[*Judge McCandless on the Bench.*]

Mary Driefuss et al. vs. Charles W. Zaned, Montour county. On motion of J. X. Grier, Esq., solicitor for petitioning creditors, the said creditor was adjudged bankrupt, and the matter referred to Register Overton.

James Neill, bankrupt. Petition of Samuel D. Irwin, assignee, presented, and an order made for the sale of certain real estate, book accounts, &c.

Steele & Co., Titusville, bankrupts. The bond of F. L. Seely, Esq., assignee of said bankrupts' estate, as required by certain creditors, in the sum of $5,000, with W. S. and E. A. L. Roberts as surties, was presented and approved.

Harbaugh, Mathias & Owens, city, bankrupts. Petition of George S. Head, President of the Second National Bank, for an order for the sale of certain lands of the Continental Improvement Company and the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, collateral security for the payment of certain notes of said bankrupts, held by said bank, presented and referred to Register Harper for examination and report.

Orth & Sayhorn, Washington county, bankrupts. The question raised on the rule on the assignee to show cause why he should not pay to certain creditors, (laborers,) the sum due them respectively from said estate, and the demurrer filed thereto. Referred to Register Knox for examination and report.

Arthur Capenter, bankrupt. The report of C. H. Seymour, assignee, under an order of April 3, 1874, for the sale of certain real estate, which was filed on the 9th ult., was presented and approved, and the sale was confirmed.

Felix Beck, Cambria county, bankrupt. The hearing on motion for an injunction against F. D. Saupp, took place, Mr. Shoemaker arguing for and Mr. Johnston against the same.

U. S. Circuit Court.

[*Before Judge McKennan.*]

The November term of the United States Circuit Court began yesterday morning with Judge McKennan on the bench.

The names of the jurors were called over and also the cases on the trial list, but as there was not a case ready for trial, the jurors were dismissed until this morning.

In the case of John S. McMillan vs. James Reese et al. on motion of John Barton, Esq., Attorney for respondents, they were allowed to file an amended answer.

An argument then took place upon a motion for a preliminary injunction in the case of Roberts vs. Peck, McKenna & Co. The trouble is an alleged infringement of the Roberts patent oil torpedo. The argument is still in progress.

The case of D. D. Williams, the alleged defaulting cashier of the First National Bank of Conneautville, will be taken up this morning.

The following business in admiralty was transacted: Robert S. Niles vs. steam boat West Virginia, a boat seized on Saturday. Adam Jacobs appeared and filed a claim as owner, and gave stipulation to abide the decree of the Court, and the boat was released by the United States Marshal.

Minor E. Crawford brought suit before United States Commissioner McCandless, for balance of wages due him from the steamer "Kangaroo," amounting to $184. A summons was issued.

State Supreme Court.

[*Chief Justice Agnew presiding.*]

The following judgments were announced in this Court yesterday morning:

Thomas M. Bell et al. vs. Wm. A. Reed. Appeal from the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny county. Decree affirmed with costs, and appeal dismissed.

In re, road in Baldwin township. Certiorari to the Court of Quarter sessions of Allegheny county. Decree of lower court affirmed.

The Franklin Fire Insurance Company vs. Lewis Staib et al. Error to the Common Pleas of Allegheny county. Judgment affirmed.

Peter M. Campbell's appeal from the Orphans Court of Allegheny county. Decree affirmed with costs, and case dismissed.

O'Neill & Rook vs. G. W. Riedel. Error to the District Court of Allegheny county. This is an action of assumpsit against the *Dispatch*, in which in the Court below, Riedel recovered seven hundred dollars. The judgment of the Court below is affirmed.

James P. Hanna, survivor of Ira B. McVay vs. Ira B. McVay. Error to the Common Pleas of Allegheny county. Judgment reversed, and *venire facias de novo* awarded.

Joseph Schell et al. vs. Andrew Stein. Error to the Common Pleas Court of Allegheny county. Judgment affirmed.

Catharine M. Realf vs. Richard Realf. Error to the Common Pleas of Allegheny county. Judgment of the lower court reversed, and a *venire facias de novo* awarded. Opinion by Justice Gordon.

Ballantine vs. White. Error to the District Court of Allegheny county. Judgment affirmed. Opinion by Justice Sharswood.

The Dollar Savings Bank vs. Bennett. Error to the Common Pleas of Allegheny county. Judgment reversed, and *venire facias de novo* awarded. Opinion delivered by Justice Sharswood.

Neal Dodson, plaintiff in error and below, vs. Evans W. Shippen, defendant in error and below. Error to the Common Pleas of Crawford county. Argued by Roe Reisinger, Esq., for the plaintiff in error, and D. C. McCoy, Esq., contra. This was an action brought by the plaintiff in error and below for slander against the defendant in error and below. The jury rendered a verdict for the plaintiff for one dollar, and he sued out this writ of error.

District Court.

[*Before Judges Ewing, Kirkpatrick and White.*]

The case of W. H. Lemon vs. James T. Wray, an action on a contract, was the only case ta

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TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1874.

BONDS at Frankfort 97½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 23½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 110¼

THE man elected in Butler's district in Massachusetts, while a Democrat, announces that he will not be bound by party ties, but will represent his district carefully, looking to its welfare rather than that of party. A wise man, he.

WE have received from Arthur L. Thomas, Esq., Chief of the Document Department, at Washington, a large package of valuable Congressional documents. Mr. Thomas is one of the active young Republicans who are of real value to the party, whether in office or out.

'TWAS not all a Democratic flood. The Luzerne district, which elected Hon. W. W. Ketcham to Congress, is really Democratic by 1,000 majority, and their candidate, Hon. Hendrick B. Wright, is a popular man. Yet Mr. Ketcham was elected. It shows that the people were as much interested in men as they were in parties this year.

PERHAPS the severest blow the Granger movement has received at all has come from a non-political source. The failure of Morgan Sons, at San Francisco, has involved losses which foot up, so far as ascertained, $600,000 gold. These not only fall heavily on the farmers, but serve to destroy confidence in their agents, and will thus operate to break up combinations, and so destroy the organization.

THE Committee on Appropriations have given out that the several Executive Departments of the National Government have been kept within their appropriations during the current year, and they are about to meet to prepare the appropriation bills for the next year. As reductions were made last year, and the departments not embarrassed, they think still further reductions may be made for next year.

REPUBLICAN Congressmen will have a meeting for consultation just prior to the next regular session of Congress, to mark out a policy to be followed. We regret the inuendo contained in the report of this, that the President is suspected of a purpose of not acting with them. There is nothing in President Grant's course that renders him amenable to this implied censure. No more quarreling, gentlemen.

IT IS reported that there is a fund raised to carry through Congress a bill to secure an appropriation for Government buildings on the Third avenue site. We feel very confident, rumors to the contrary, that Gen. Negley is too much interested in his future prospects to lend himself to such a project, and equally confident that such a measure can not be carried through Congress. Retrenchment and Reform are the watchwords now.

THE *Chronicle* thinks Mr. Cochran should be elected, irrespective of party, to fill the place of Mr. McJunkin, who has resigned. It recommends this as a method of affording that gentleman a trifle of preliminary training as Congressman. If the young gentleman is so much in need of milk, let him be fed from the Democratic spoon; but we hope the Republican party will maintain its organization and fill out Mr. McJunkin's term with another Republican.

MR. JOSEPH MEDILL reassumed, yesterday, editorial charge of the Chicago *Tribune*, giving at some length his reasons for placing that influential journal in full sympathy with the party. He holds that the will of the people can only be wrought out through party organization, and that there are and can be but two great parties in this country. The choice of a really earnest journal, that does not wish to fill the place of a common scold, must be with one or the other of these parties. He has no confidence in the Democracy, and therefore will act with the Republican party. It is a candid, fair editorial, and we welcome the *Tribune* back into Republican ranks.

WE have received from a person signing himself a Doctor of Medicine, located at a place bearing the very appropriate name of Pillsville, in Venango county, an article urging that the Government establish a United States bank at Washington, with branches in other towns, for the purpose of loaning greenbacks at three per cent. per annum, promising that thereby the balance of trade will be turned in our favor, panics prevented, and all sorts of blessings conferred. As the balance of trade is in our favor, and our correspondent evidently does not comprehend the subject of which he writes, we charitably conclude that Pillsville and its doctor are a very transparent sell.

IT would be amusing, were it not serious, to hear the strange reasons offered by persons of evident intelligence for voting against the Congressional candidates of the Republican party at the late election. We heard a very respectable-appearing gentleman, a day or two since, railing loudly at the doubtful quality of our currency, and claiming that the opening of a European war would depreciate it fifty per cent. Inquiry eventually brought out his real views, which were, that we need more in place of less tariff, as a means of preventing the influx of European manufactures, and thus securing the balance of trade in our favor. He did not profess to believe the Democracy would give us more tariff, but claimed that the defeat of the Republican party would make it more careful hereafter, when it returns to power. This shows the "influence."

THE brief telegraphic reports, received from time to time, of an extensive famine in Asia Minor, did not convey an accurate idea of the true state of things. The area covered by the famine consists of Galatia and parts of Phrygia and Cappadocia, containing some forty thousand square miles, with a population of some two millions. The history of the case, in brief, is this: The harvest of 1873 failed, and no proper measures were taken to meet the consequences while there was time, by throwing in supplies. Then came a severe winter, which blockaded the roads and destroyed cattle. The population was then obliged to draw largely upon the seed corn, and thus was able to sow only one-ninth of the usual acreage. The harvest reaped from that this year has been good, and it is supporting the population for the present, but by the 1st of November supplies would be exhausted. Thirty-five thousand deaths, it is estimated, have already occurred in the province of Angora from starvation and disease, due to insufficient food. In one village the deaths were so numerous that the Governor had to send a body of police to inter the dead, which was done by throwing them into an old well. Twenty-five thousand families have emigrated from the province, leaving many villages without an inhabitant. Appeals have been made to the British people for aid, but the Bengal famine drew heavily on them, and it is now being seriously considered whether some method should not be resorted to, to teach the people of India and Asia a more reliable system of agriculture, as a means of preventing the recurrence of famines.

IF the New York *Republic* has no more political sagacity than it has of knowledge even of State politics, it will never be very formidable either as a defender of the Republican or assailer of the Democratic party. It claimed, a day or two after the election in this State, that the election of Senator would be to supply "Cameron's place, whose term expires in 1876." It further wisely states that "the local fight about taxes lost the State." We are further informed that "Allegheny county did the disgraceful work, and bears the stigma of treason." There is wisdom here in bunches. We are even given the astonishing information that "the Democratic majority in Allegheny is 21,000, a loss to the Republicans of 6,000." When the *Republic* first appeared we simply regarded it as stupid, but we are now compelled to the conclusion that it is managed by a set of ignoramuses, and wonder how it was that persons having money were willing to entrust it to men capable of such errors. That they will succeed in swiftly spending it and leave nothing to show but a year's issue of a sheet so full of blunders as to be a disgrace to the name of journalism, is what may be confidently predicted.

THE return of Don Carlos to France marks the abandonment, on his part, of war against the Spanish Republic. He has found his resources gradually dwindling of late, and his men were deserting his cause. To save himself from capture he has abandoned Spanish soil. If the French Government does its duty, he will not be allowed to re-enter Spain, and thus his personal leadership and influence will be at an end. His men may, for a time, keep up guerrilla warfare, but it will amount to little. It is a significant circumstance that a man whose title to the throne rests on the undisputed succession to the kingly title, and possession of royal blood, has failed of success, even in Spain, as against the forces of a Republic. The world surely moves when such is the fact. Serrano at last is apparently intrenched in power, and the Republic is established. Better men than he went down in fighting for the cause. Each of the former Presidents were truer than Serrano, and we deeply regretted that Castellar could not retain power. The "Virginius" affair was the cause of his downfall, and Serrano who succeeded him and is now President will be quite likely to set up a monarchy. But Don Carlos will not be the monarch.

IT is entirely certain that we will,—as we ought,—have a new Secretary in the Water Committee, and the sooner this is accomplished the better. The unraveling of the tangle existing in the affairs of that Committee, requires the selection of a gentleman to serve in the capacity of Secretary, who in ability and probity will command the confidence of the people. The time has come when the Secretaryship of that Committee is equally important with the Committee itself. All the irregularities that have occurred, and every trouble that has arisen has had the Secretary for the central object. It is evident therefore that the Secretary plays a very important part in the affairs of the Committee; and because of this, no mere accountant or book-keeper should be allowed the place. It should only be a person known to the community as a man of integrity, capacity, and character; qualified in every way not merely to do the clerical work of the Committee, but to keep its records and affairs in a perfectly proper shape. The Committee should realize that their appointment will, in the present mood of the people, be closely scrutinized, and that in that simple operation they can make or lose character. Let a man of right qualities, and of, well-known probity be selected, and they will have made a long stride in the right direction.

THE COUNCIL ELECTION.

Whatever comes of the question of electing municipal officers, we have, of course, to elect our usual instalment of Councilmen. This much is regular and right, and certain to occur. In view of it, we have several suggestions to offer: 1. The most resolute measures should be employed to secure only good and acceptable candidates on the Republican ticket. In saying this, we do not refer to those who are about going out of office. Where they are acceptable, their renomination comes within this rule, although generally speaking, we presume new men will be brought forward. In either event, only first class men, who clearly command popular confidence, should be selected. Weak, uncertain candidates will be quite sure to go under, and there is no use whatever in nominating them. 2. The various feuds that have existed, and some of which are exceedingly narrow and unreasonable, should be promptly put aside. The Republican party should not be made the football of little cliques, and we insist that whatever antagonisms and heartburnings there may be, they have no business in the contest about developing. We need Republican candidates, nominated on a basis of character and merit, and when nominated, they should be loyally supported by every fair-minded Republican voter. The people mean reform, and we might as well meet this at once by making the candidates all they should be, and then electing them.

It has been suggested that the County Executive Committee of the Republican party should be completely reorganized, and by the selection of the right stamp of men from each district, prepare the way for the complete reorganization of the party in the county. We do not join the hue and cry against the committee that had the organization in charge during the recent canvass. Where a committee has nothing with which to manage, and very little to manage, they cannot be held accountable if the results are not remarkable. The committee early felt that the people were drifting away from them, and they had neither means nor popular enthusiasm with which to work. They did as well here as was done in most parts of the State. But nevertheless defeat was suffered; and while we do not hold the committee responsible, we are sure that the effect of a new organization will be good. This done, and we will be prepared to start into the municipal canvass in much better condition than we otherwise could. With reorganization and satisfactory candidates we have no fear of the result. The over-confidence of the Democracy, and their eager anxiety to grasp power is one of the false developments made, and shows that they are overcome by the unexpected success given them by Republican votes. They are hoping to seize all power, and so rush eagerly to defeat.

From the Elizabeth Black Diamond.]

THE PITTSBURG GAZETTE has donned a new suit. This old and reliable paper is in a flourishing condition. The GAZETTE is the leading daily in Western Pennsylvania, and the editors and proprietors are clever and obliging gentlemen.

Dusky Belles.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Gazette* writes: "There are some very beautiful colored girls here, just of that *wafu au fait* color so exquisite when accompanied by fine features. One pretty Creole married an officer of the Freedman's Bank, a colored man, who formerly played the piano for private Germans, &c. He built her a fine house and took her to Niagara on the bridal trip. She was married in a white satin dress, with orange blossoms and a tulle veil. Another girl, so nearly white that the African blood would never be suspected, was highly educated, and has eyes large and lustrously black, like those of the Spanish women; her hair as purple as the raven's wings; her complexion creamy, with the faintest suspicion of *colore de rose*; her lips full and scarlet; her hands wonderously tiny. Her father intended to take her abroad, where his pedigree was unknown, for if discovered foreigners would not show the horror of negro blood evinced by Americans; then he hoped his daughter's beauty, accomplishments and wealth might attract Caucasian wooers. But, alas, for his fond hopes, true to her race, she married a black man, son of a *restaurateur*, and broke her father's heart, as well as his pride."

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

SAMUEL BRACKMAN, a prominent citizen of Clarksville, Tenn., committed suicide last Sunday night by hanging.

THERE were in New York city during the past week 535 deaths and 523 births, 166 marriages and 41 still births.

THE Millerites have settled on the 20th of the present month as the day on which mundane things generally are to end, and the Chosen be carried up in chariots of fire. But Mr. Terry lost so much poultry last year, he won't rent 'em his island again on any terms, and the Saints will have to find some other spot to ascend from.

SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE THOMPSON, of Columbus, Ohio, recovered from two thieves a satchel containing railroad bonds and valuable papers, contracts and specifications valued at several thousand dollars. This satchel is the property of John M. Day, a railroad contractor, residing at Des Moines, Iowa, and was stolen from a car about ten days ago.

AT Milwaukee, Wis., on Monday morning, a woman named Stieren killed her son, a boy thirteen years old, by breaking his skull with an ax, and then committed suicide by jumping into a cistern. The woman had been in bad health for a long time, and the act was committed during an attack of insanity, induced by the fear that she would die and be separated from her child.

THEY are utilizing straw in the San Joaquin Valley, California, by using it as fuel in some of the steam flour mills. The proprietors estimate that they can save fifty per cent. in the cost of fuel by the burning of wheat straw. The Paradise flour mills, on the Tuolumne River, being situated virtually in the centre of a 200,000 acre wheat field, it is found both convenient and economical to burn straw instead of wood, and accordingly no other fuel is used.

ACCOUNTS from Terre Bonne parish, La., state that Andrew Simms, the negro Sheriff elected on the compromise ticket, was attacked by seven negroes on Sunday evening in Houma. Simms ran from the party three squares, but being pursued, turned upon them and fired, killing one and wounding another. Simms immediately surrendered himself and was sent to jail, which was guarded during the night by a squad of citizens. Repeated threats were made to lay the town in ashes.

A DISPATCH from New Orleans says: A very sharp letter to the War Department has been written by President Orton, of the Western Union Telegraph Company, demanding why, in time of peace, their wires were cut, and the matter has been referred to General Emory for a report. Gen. Emory some days ago instituted inquiries, but has detailed Gen. Henry A. Morrow, by order of the department, to make a special report into all the circumstances.

AS IF there were not tongue enough in this world! And as if there were not diseases enough already! We are dreadfully sorry to hear of the new complaint which is raging in Visalia and vicinity, California. The victim is troubled with an itching on the under side, at the root of the tongue. Then commences the growth of a fungus very like a tongue, which soon fills the mouth and protrudes from it, causing suffocation and death in a few days. This fungus is said to have grown two inches in an hour. It is treated with caustic and generally yields to cautery.

POOR Mr. Hossock, of Odell, Ill., owning a farm needed a well, and began innocently to bore for water. Having reached a distance of 40 feet below the surface, he smelt something. Nothing daunted, he pushed 40 feet deeper—and then! Up came water with a vengeance, for it spouted 200 feet into the air, mixed with gravel stones the size of hens' eggs, covering the ground with sand and gravel six inches deep. After some time the flow of water ceased—and then? Why then came the gas. They held a lighted match to the hole—and then? Why then a streak of flame leapt into the air, and there was a sound as of thunder, which could be heard at the distance of half a mile! At the latest date these unpleasant pyrotechnics continued; hole was increasing in size; the volume of flame was growing bigger and bigger; and all the vegetation was turning blue! Great and horror-stricken crowds were rushing to the scene, and agricultural operations on the Hossock farm were entirely suspended. When a husbandman asks Nature for water and gets gravel and blue fire he may naturally conclude that something is up, though that something none can know.

FOREIGN NOTES.

THE London *Times'* correspondent at Paris telegraphs that there is good reason to believe the Duke De Cazes answer to Spain's last note will not be presented till to-day. A very exhaustive reply is preparing, which is calculated to put an end to the discussion by its completeness, and give proof of the good will of France.

ADVICES from the Gold Coast state that a great gathering of native chiefs was held at Cape Coast Castle on the 28th of October, to clearly express their views on slavery and other questions. King Kofter, of Ashantee, unable to recover ascendancy over the neighboring tribes has settled down quietly and wishes to resume trade relations.

THE Jardin d'Acclimatation, Paris, has just received two running oxen from the Island of Ceylon. They are of diminutive size, not larger than a very small donkey, but are of great utility in that country. The mail service is performed by them. They are active, and bear great fatigue, and can travel a very considerable distance at a regular, rapid pace.

RECENTLY a telegraph clerk in France refused to transmit a message in these words. "Third epistle of John, verses 13 and 14," under the law which forbids the transmission of anything written in cipher language. Reference to the text indicates that the dispatch was merely an economy of words. The verse is as follows: "I have many things to write, but I will not with ink and pen write unto thee; but I trust I shall shortly see thee, and we shall speak face to face."

A MACHINE, of the torpedo class, has been contracted for by the British Navy which will move at a speed of nine knots an hour for three hundred yards and at a lower speed for no less a distance than a mile. It will maintain any direction impressed upon it, and it can be launched either from a boat or an iron-clad, by night or by day. In short, it is a kind of explosive fish, which, in obedience to its master's will, will go to the bottom of the adversary at which it may be directed, and will strike a dangerous, if not a fatal, blow.

ODD accidents in great cities. Recently the Paris police issued this funny advertisement:—"There was found yesterday at midday a bride, eighteen years, blue eyes, black hair. Can be obtained at Police Headquarters." She was a country girl, who came to Paris with her betrothed to get married. They took a cab at the station. On the way to the church the man got out to make some purchases. The driver was tipsy, and, instead of waiting, drove on, so they were separated in the wilderness, and the police found the bride weeping in the cab.

A YOUNG lady resident in the famous Peruvian city of the Incas, Cuzco, applied lately to the proper authorities, asking permission to enter the law school of that capital, an application supported by the State, as a student of jurisprudence, and at the same time inquiring if her sex was an obstacle to the obtaining of a degree of master of laws provided her acquirements were sufficient. The Minister of Justice replied, in an official despatch, that all Peruvian citizens should enjoy equal rights, that women were virtually considered by the laws as force on the same footing with men, as far as the privileges to be accorded by the Republic were concerned, and that it was a matter of peculiar pleasure to the Administration to improve the opportunity of making public such a declaration.

Stonewall Jackson's Last Letter.

The last letter ever written by Stonewall Jackson is in the possession of the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Southern Historical Society. The original is in pencil, but it has been well preserved. He wrote:

NEAR 3 P. M., May 2, 1863.

"GENERAL: The enemy has made a stand at Chancellor's, which is about two miles from Chancellorville. I hope as soon as practicable to attack. I trust that an ever kind Providence may bless us with success. "Respectfully,

"T. J. JACKSON, Lt. Gen.

"GEN. R. E. LEE.

"The leading division is up, and the next two appear to be well closed. T. J. J."

On the back of this bulletin is the following indorsement:

"Received by Gen Lee on the evening of May 2, on the field of battle, near Chancellorville. CHARLES S. VENABLE."

(Signed)

Large Real Estate Transaction.

Probably the largest real estate transaction of the day is that which has just been consummated in Kansas. A tract of 100,000 acres of land, extending fifty miles, between the Cottonwood and Little Arkansas rivers, with the town of Halstead for its trading centre, has been sold to a colony of Russian Mennonites, who arrived in this country in September. The Mennonites, as is well known, are a religious sect, having their origin in Holland in the sixteenth century, whose prevailing characteristic, like that of the Quakers, is non-combativeness. They emigrated to the borders of the Black Sea, and, after developing the resources of that country by their industry and thrift, are now driven out by a requirement to perform military service in violation of their religious principles. What Russia loses the United States gains, for a better and more desirable class of immigrants could not be found than these sober, thrifty and energetic Mennonites. The Kansas colony will number about 2,000.

GOING NUTTING.

Enjoyment for Young Folks and Squirrels.

Every bright, pleasant day in October, and even in November, can be made into a season of much enjoyment by going nutting in the woods, where all are free to gather up the harvest of the past night and to watch for the nuts as they fall by day, even if the owners will not allow their trees to be clubbed or climbed.

The dropping of these nuts is a compensation for the death of the flowers and the falling of the leaves. The chilling nights and the blustering days of Autumn, which blacken the tender flowers and ferns, hush the melody of the birds, and carry away every vestige of the Summer's prime, are the messengers at whose bidding the chestnut burrs open their thorny husks and the walnuts their shaggy barks, while the ground is strewn with their treasures, to the great enjoyment of both young folks and squirrels. And even older folks will sometimes take pleasure in renewing their youthful feelings under the greenwood trees, and gather nuts almost as rapidly as the nimblest fingered child in the party.

With sacks or pillow cases slung over their shoulders, and tin pails or baskets in their hands, the merry crowd of nutters sallies forth to improve the pleasant holidays of the season. How merrily the music of their cheery voices rings through the long aisles of the forest! How the dry underbrush crackles under their footsteps, while the chipping squirrels, cawing crows, and screeching blue jays stare at the boisterous intruders, without a sign of welcome, but seemingly greatly annoyed at their appearance!

Yet what care the boys for their opinion? So they set manfully to work, and if permission has been obtained from the owners of the trees, they clamber up into their scraggy branches, and with strong blows given with a will, by the aid of long poles, thick showers of burs and nuts fall quickly to the ground, while the eager hands rapidly transfer them to their baskets or sacks. So the sunny hours pass on; then lunch is satisfactorily discussed and renewed attacks are made upon the stores of the trees.

Around many towns the harvest of the nut trees are of too much value to permit of indiscriminate raids upon them. But there are yet kindly hearted owners of valuable trees, who remember the pleasure of their nutting days, and enjoy seeing a laughing, merry group of young folks under their chestnut trees, even if they do consider their shag-barks too valuable to give away. To them let us give thanks, and pray that their shadows may never be less. For what country boy and girl does not delight in nutting?

Oh, those haleyon days! How sweet is their memory! It gilds with radiance every autumn day, and brightens the dying year. Cut down, if you will, woodman, the oaks, maples, pines and hemlocks; but spare us—oh, spare us—the chestnut, walnut and butternut.—*Country Gentleman.*

DR. SLUGG'S INVENTION.

The Patented Tooth-Puller.

Max Adeler contributes the following: A Reading paper contains an account of a machine for plugging teeth, which reminds us of the invention patented many years ago by our old friend Dr. Slugg. It was a tooth-puller. Slugg had an enormous business, and he concluded to economize his strength by pulling teeth by machinery. He constructed a series of cranks and levers, fixed to a movable stand, and operating a pair of forceps, by means of a leather belt which was connected with the engine of a planing-mill next door. The doctor experimented with it several times on nails hastily inserted in a board, and it worked splendidly. The first patient he tried it on was Judge Mosby, who called in to have an aching molar removed. When the forceps had been clasped upon the judge's tooth, Dr. Slugg geared the machine and opened the valve. We believe it was never known with any degree of exactness whether the doctor opened the valve too far or neither, but the planing-mill was working at that moment under extraordinary pressure. But in the twinkling of an eye Judge Mosby was twisted out of that chair, and the movable stand began to execute the most surprising manœuvres around the room. It would jerk Judge Mosby high into the air and sousse him down in an appalling manner. With one leg among Slugg's gouges and other instruments of torture, and with the other in the spittoon. Then it would rear him up against the chandelier three or four times, and shy across and drive the judge's head through the oil portrait of Slugg's father over the mantel-piece. After bumping him against Slugg's ancestor, it would swirl the judge around among the crockery on the washstand and dance him up and down in an exciting manner over the stove, until finally the defective molar "gave," and as the judge landed with his foot through the pier-glass and his elbow on a pink poodle worked in Berlin wool, he shook his head violently against Dr. Slugg, and tried to seize his leg with the forceps. When they carried the Judge home he didn't seem inordinately glad that the tooth was out; and Dr. Slugg never sent to collect his bill. They called it square, we believe; and while the Mosbys taunted up a new dentist, Slugg cancelled his contract with the man who owned the planing mill, and began to pull teeth in the old way, by hand. We have an impression that Slugg's patent can be bought at a sacrifice.

DANIEL WEBSTER'S ELOQUENCE.

How He Prepared His Speeches.

In one of the debates in Congress which suddenly called Daniel Webster to his feet, he made a brief but quite eloquent speech, apparently without any opportunity for previous preparation. In the course of his remarks he threw out the following sentence, which has ever since been regarded as one of the most harmonious and expressive in the English language. He was speaking of our military conflict with Great Britain: "Our fathers raised their flag against a power to which, for purpose of foreign conquest and subjugation, Rome, in the height of her glory, is not to be compared—a power which has dotted the surface of the whole globe with her possessions and military posts; whose morning drumbeat, following the sun in its course and keeping pace with the hours, circles the earth with one continuous and unbroken strain of the martial airs of England."

As he sat down one of the Senators congratulated him upon his speech, and alluding to the above passage, asked him how it was inconceivable how Mr. Webster in a speech so manifestly unpremeditated, could have formed so perfect and so beautiful a sentence, which with hours of study he could not improve. Mr. Webster replied that the passage was not extemporaneous, that in his Summer vacation he visited Quebec, and while standing on the massive and almost impregnable citadel there, looking out upon the wondrous scene of national grandeur and of nature's loviness spread before him, the idea occurred to his mind. He immediately took his seat upon a gun, and with a pencil and paper sketched the thought in the most appropriate language he could at the moment command. Upon arriving at the hotel he sat down and rewrote it, with many interlineations and erasures, until he had moulded it into the form of words which satisfied him. He then laid it aside in his retentive memory, to be used when the occasion should offer. The opportunity arose upon that day.

FIRST LOVE.

Two songbirds sang in the sky's first glow,
They laughed in the light of the early day;
But pale death sped from an archer's bow,
And the bright dew drops fell on a bird forlorn.

When sunrise is gilding each flow and tree,
How sad shall the note of that songster be!
On a bough there blossomed two sweet white roses,
Their buds had burst on the same bright day;
But one was nipped by the frosts of night,
And faded and died in the morning gray.
The other must live with its scent alone,
Till each beauteous blossom to earth is blown.

But the bird another fond mate may see,
When the pang of pain and sorrow is o'er,
And soon there may bloom on the same green tree,
Two flowers as as sweet as ever it bore.
But never again shall a heart bereft,
Have aught save sorrow and sadness left.
—*N. Y. Eve. Post.*

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 64 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1852.
Assets January 1, 1873, - - - $778,251.56
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
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Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

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HUTCHINSON & CO.
Iron Working Machinery
And Machinists' Supplies of Every Description.
Removed from 28 Wood street, to
112 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
OPPOSITE HARE'S HOTEL.
Entrance also Nos. 3 and 5 Union street.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
BARGAINS IN
New Dress Goods!
UNSURPASSED
IN ANY CITY IN THE UNION.
All Wool Black Cashmeres, all qualities.
Black Mohair Alpacas.
Sateens, Twills and Serges.
Alpacas and Mohairs, all colors.
Black and Colored French Merinos.
Bright Plaid Poplins and Serges.
Children's Dress Goods.
Mourning Dress Goods.
Tycoon Reps and Delaines.
Silk Mixed Dress Goods.
Silk Poplins, all colors.
Black Dress Silks, up to best grades.
Colored Dress Silks, new shades.
Camel's Hair Cloths, &c.
At 12½c and 18¾c, several lots of New Dress Goods, some being about half actual value.
Waterproof Cloths
ALL COLORS,
AT EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES.
Everything desirable in
Ladies' Made-Up Suits,
Ladies' Jackets, Sacques, &c.
Shawls of Every Description.
Ladies' and Children's Furs
At our usual low prices.
To supply the active demand during the present season, the House will be refilled
different Departments of every morning at
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 AND 199
PENN AVENUE.
During the last few days we have made large additions to our stock of
LADIES' & MISSES' CLOAKS.
The prices are down low, and now is the time to buy your
WINTER CLOAKS
Ladies' Embroidered Taballer and Cutrasse Jackets for $15, $18 and $20.
Black Cashmere Polonaise.
Embroidered Felt and Flannel House Sacques.
Ladies' Fine Broadcloth Cashmere Wrappers.
Seal Skin Cloaks, Muffs and Boas, medium and fine qualities at lowest prices.
BLACK GROS GRAIN
DRESS SILKS
AT BOTTOM FIGURES.
"LYONS" Black Cloaking Velvet.
Trimming Velvets, black and colors.
The latest novelty, "MATELASSEE," Checked Black Velvet and Satin for Trimming.
PLAIN AND FANCY HOSIERY,
For Ladies and Misses, in all the new styles in Stripes, Plain, Brown and Navy Blue.
Fleeced Cotton and White Merino Hosiery.
Black Mode and White All-Wool Hose.
MERINO UNDERGARMENTS
for Ladies' and Children's Wear.
Ladies' and Misses' Waterproof Circulars,
Breakfast Shawls, Quilted Satin, Silk Sateen and Alpaca Underskirts, Felt Skirts, Stamped and Quilted. The newest thing out,
SATIN OVERSKIRTS,
Quilted and Richly Trimmed.
FALL AND WINTER GLOVES,
Of all kinds for Ladies' and Misses wear.
Men's Buck and Alaska Gauntlets.
Full lines of the Harris, Thompson's Seamless Alexander and Victoria Kid Gloves in Navy Blues, Slates, Browns, Bronzes and Opera Shades.
Gents' Kids in the real Dent, Alcroft and Alexander makes. New Fall Shades, 1 and 2 Buttons.
Gentlemen and Youth's Winter Undergarments and Hosiery.
In the celebrated Cartwright & Werner, Norfolk and New Brunswick and other makes, which we offer at lowest prices.
Retail Stores.
DRESS GOODS!!
Ladies' Elegant Braided and Beaded Cashmere Costumes and Sacques at a Special Bargain.
Black Cashmeres, Black Mohairs and Alpacas at unusually Low Prices.
Dress Goods in all the New and Desirable Shades at very Low Prices, at
H. J. LYNCH'S
No. 76 Market Street.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
CHOICEST DESIGNS IN
BODY BRUSSELS.
RICHEST COLORS IN
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ELEGANT STYLES IN
TWO AND THREE PLYS
AT REDUCED PRICES, AT
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
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L. H. SMITH & CO.,
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MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS
IN THE
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New Cone Furnaces,
WELLMAN REFLECTOR,
Grates and Stoves,
MARBELIZED
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ALSO,
Common Fronts and Grates,
HOT AIR REGISTERS AND
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CRAIG BROTHERS.
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Attorneys & Counselors-at-Law,
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Special attention paid to collections and correspondence.
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—100 BAGS Choice. For sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
MUSLINS,
Calicos,
Flannels & Blankets
Housekeeping Dry Goods,
Of every description,
AT EXCEEDINGLY LOW PRICES.
Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, all kinds.
Fast Colored Calicoes at 4c, 5c and 6¼c.
White and Colored Table Linens.
Feather and Straw Bed Ticklings.
Best Dark Calicos, newest styles.
Linen Towels and Towelings.
Canton Flannels, extra bargains.
At $1.30 Heavy Full Size
BED COMFORTS.
At $1.50, Pair Gray Blankets.
At $2.00, Pair Good White Blankets.
At 12½c, Barrel and Plain Shirting Flannels.
At 18¾c, Good Shirting Flannels.
At 25c, Extra Bargains in Flannels.
Best qualities of Eastern and Country-made
BLANKETS AND FLANNELS,
At the very lowest prices.
Most decided bargains in Cassimeres, from lowest to finest. Cloths and double-width Cassimeres; Sacque and Cloaking Cloths, Tweeds, Jeans, &c.
To supply the active demand during the present season, the House will be refilled with NEW GOODS
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
FEDERAL STREET.
Retailing for Cash
AT
WHOLESALE PRICES,
Saves the Buyer 10 to 33 Per Cent.
Girls' Fur Cap and Feather ..... $ 75
Plush Lined Calf and Cloth Gloves 1 47
Infants' Medicated Shirt 75
Ladies' Merino Shirt 63
Men or Boys' Merino Shirts or Drawers, ... 75
Mad. Foy's Corset 1 22
Reform Corset, no bones 2 47
Abdominal Corset, (joy to the ladies) 2 97
Ribbed Merino Hose, ladies 9
Men's Merino one-half Hose 13
2 Button Kid Gloves, all colors 98
Real Hair Switches 1 23
Real Hair Curls 98
Navy Blue Flannel 2 98
Bradley's 3 thread Yarn, 98c. 6 lb cut.
Linen Towels 1 13
Initial Handkerchiefs 24
3, 4 and 6 Button Kids.
Fancy Ribbons at less than importers cost.
Sewing Machine Needles, four for 25c.
Ball, Beaded and Silk Fringes.
Dressmaker's Winter Patterns.
One dozen 5-4 Shoe Laces, or one Spool Cotton, or six dozen Buttons or Paper Pins, only 3 cents.
J. D. CARLISLE,
NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE.
WHITE, ORR & CO.
New Linen Goods.
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NAPKINS,
DOYLIE.
Linen Sets of Cloth and Napkins
Suitable for Bridal presents, our own importation.
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TICKETS to and from any European port for all the principal lines of steamers.
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COLLECTIONS of Inheritances, legacies, &c., attended to promptly and properly.
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Cabin, Intermediate and Steerage accommodations unsurpassed.
Rates as low as by any other first-class route.
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Rates of Passage, Payable in Currency.
To Glasgow, Liverpool, Londonderry, Queenstown and Belfast.
Cabin $65 to $80, according to accommodations. Cabin Return Tickets issued at reduced rates.
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Drafts issued for any amount at lowest rates.
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No. 216 Liberty Street.
FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING, of the best material and latest style, made up on the shortest notice and at the most reasonable prices. oc28
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B. TIEGEL,
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Just Received, and for sale, CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, for Fall and Winter Wear, at
LOWEST PRICES.
FURNACES, RANGES
Mantles,
GRATES, &c.
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Sure Preventive to the Freezing of Water Pipes and Accidents of Similar Nature to Water Closets.
We beg leave to offer to the public our
Patent Automatic Water Closet

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CAPITAL, - - - - - - $250,000.

Interest allowed on deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily.

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Collections made on all points of the United States.

We buy and sell Stocks, Bonds and Government Securities on Commission.

Mortgages and Commercial Paper A SPECIALTY.

Passage Hekets to and from Europe and Sight Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland at lowest rates.

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Exchange on Germany, France, England and Switzerland at lowest rates. Collections made promptly on all parts of the United States and Canadas. Particular attention given to all business of correspondents.

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5 per cent. per annum upon daily balances—from nachelor non-borrowing accounts—payable on demand.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, November 10, 1874.

There was not so large a volume of business at our banks yesterday as during the closing days of the preceding week, but it was better than the average Monday's business. The hopeful feeling as regards monetary and business affairs even extends to real estate, and there is a slightly improved market. Still prices have not advanced, nor is the demand active. It was absolutely dead for a long while previous, and any movement whatever represented a change and therefore an improvement. There are quite many unrented houses, particularly in our suburbs, but these are partially attributable to high rates and the advanced season. With the gradual improvement that may now be anticipated, we hope real estate will partake of the general improvement in business.

—The operations of the Treasury at the New York office during last week included the disbursement of $2,554,600 on account of interest, $3,233,000 in redemption of five-twenty bonds, and the receipt of $1,549,000 for customs.

Of the call for $25,000,000 bonds due November 1 $7,000,000 have been received, $1,200,000 in national bank notes received for redemption. The agency is now making prompt return for all notes sent in for redemption. The Treasury holds $.80,600,000 in bonds to secure national bank circulation and $16,500,000 to secure public deposit. The foreign commerce of the port for the week was: General merchandise imports, including dry goods, $4,770,530; produce exports, $2,571,062; specie exports, $326,424. The total merchandise imports, including dry goods, since January 1st this year, are $339,956,807, against $342,484,709 last year, and $377,805,502 in 1872. The total exports of produce since January 1st, this year, are $245,631,598, against $250,359,471 last year, and $194,540,080 in 1872. The total exports of specie since January 1st are $45,076,553, against $53,496,359 last year, and $62,882,508 in 1872.

—In Philadelphia the money market continues to rule very quiet. Business is much from hand to mouth. Manufacturers are conducting only for their own want, consequently there is no speculation in the market and necessarily little demand for money. Consumers do not buy in excess of present need under the apprehension that there may be lower prices in the near future, and producers, feeling no positive assurance that prices will soon be higher, are not encouraged to increase their production. It will take some time yet to reach the period of change, but it is sure to come, and with it will come an increased demand for money. Call loans, on few operations, are quoted at 5 per cent., strictly first-class two-name sixty to ninety days' paper at 5 to 6 per cent., strictly first-class single name sixty to ninety days' paper at 6 to 7 per cent., first-class three to four months' paper, with good collateral, 5 to 6 per cent.; the same character of paper on the same time, with Government collateral, 5 per cent. Paper on second grade is not much in favor and is placed only after close scrutiny. At New York and Boston the same ease in money matters that has characterized the past two or three months continues. At both points, as well as here, the supply of currency now available is ample to meet all calls which the banks and lenders generally feel themselves bound to respect, and the current rate of interest is not very high either.

—The Philadelphia city banks, at their recent meeting, did a novel and a good thing when they proposed a general meeting of bankers and representatives of banks to form an association for the purpose of procuring a complete representation in 1876 of our coinage and circulating medium from the first settlement of the country. This will include a collection of the various State coinages and paper money, and of the continental currency, as well as later issues in paper and coin. Such a collection would have great historical interest.

Luther S. Kaufman, Broker, No. 96 Fourth Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Opened.	Closed
Gold	110¼	110¼
U. S. Sixes—1861—coupon	118½	118¾
5-20 1862	118½	118¾
20—1864	113⅝	113⅝
" 1865	114⅜	114⅜
" 1865 new	113¾	113¾
" 1867	117⅜	117⅜
" 1868—coupons	117⅜	117⅜
10-40's	110¾	110¾
Currency 6's	118¾	118
New 5 per cents.	111¾	111
10-40's—coupons	112¼	112
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	102¾	102¾
Erie	28½	28¾
L. C.	90	92
C. C. & I.	9½	9
St. Paul	34½	34¾
Do. Pref	55	54¾
Michigan Southern	81¾	81
Do. Central	75	76
North Western Common	39	39
Do. Pref	58¾	58¾
Rock Island	93½	93
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	88	88
Pacific Mail	43¾	43¾
Western Union Telegraph	85¾	85¾
Ohio & Mississippi	30¾	30¾
Union Pacific	36¾	36¾
Toledo & Wabash	19¾	19¾
Hartford	130	129
Chicago & Alton	99	95
Adams Express	117¾	119
American Express	63½	63
U. S. Express	64	64
W., Fargo & Co. Express	78½	79
Quicksilver	29	29
Fort Wayne		92¾
A. & P. Pref	14	14
Merchants Union Express	23	23
Hannibal & St. Joseph	28½	26
Do. pref	42	44
Panama		144
Iron Mountain		21½
Canton		52
Terre Haute		12

Luther S. Kaufman furnishes the following quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day:

Penna Central	53	
Reading	54¾	55
United Cos. of N. J.	123¾	129
Oil Creek	9¾	
Lehigh Valley	61	
Central Transportation	41½	42
Empire do	54½	55
A., V. R. R. 1-30	50	
P. C. & St. L. 7's	70	72

NEW YORK, November 9, 1874.

The customs receipts were $381,000, and the Treasury disbursements $1,234,000. Money 2½@3. Sterling was firm at 484½@485 for sixty days and 488¼@488½ for sight. Gold opened and closed at 110¼, with sales at 110¼@110⅜. The borrowing rates were flat to 2 per cent., and carrying 1@3. The clearings were $26,000,000. State bonds were quiet and strong. Railroad bonds were in good demand, and a slight advance in Pacifics. The stock market opened ½@¾ per cent. above the closing quotations of Saturday, and as the morning wore on a further advance of ¼@⅝ per cent. was made, with the chief interest in Pacific Mail, Ohios and Union Pacific. Pacific Mail and Union Pacific advanced on a report to the effect that negotiations were pending, and were liable to end favorably, looking toward the consolidation of the interests of both companies, and that at least they would most likely hereafter exchange freight. Ohios were up on the company's report of increased earnings for October and a report that there was a likelihood of their interests being joined to that the Baltimore & Ohio road. Later on there was a slight falling off in most of the leading stocks consequent on realization sales, but at the close the market was strong, and in most instances the prices were at the best of the day. The sales aggregated 215,000 shares, of which 25,000 were Western Union, 24,500 Pacific Mail, 38,000 Lake Shore, 30,700 Union Pacific, 12,000 Northwestern, 8,000 St. Paul, and 21,000 Wabash.

Governments.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 118¾@20's of 1865, 113¾@do of '64, 113¾; do '65, 114½; new, 113½; do '67, 117⅜; do of '68, 117⅝; 10-40s, 111¼; new, 111⅜; currency 6s, 118¾.

State Bonds.—Missouri sixes, 94½; Tennessee, old, 72; do new, 72; Virginia sixes, 55; do old, 55; North Carolina, old, 26½; do new, 15.

Stocks.—Quiet and steady; Western Union Telegraph Company, 79½; Quicksilver, 29; Adams Express, 119; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 79; American Express, 63½; United States Express, 64; Pacific Mail, 43½; New York Central, 102½; Erie, 28½; do. preferred, 48; Harlem, 130; do. do. preferred, 135; Michigan Central, 76; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago, 92; Northwestern common, 39; do. do. preferred, 58½; Rock Island, 93½; New Jersey Central, 104; St. Paul, 34½; do. preferred, 54; Toledo & Wabash, 20; do. preferred, 35; Fort Wayne, 93; Terre Haute, 6; do preferred, 12; Chicago & Alton, 95¾; do. preferred, 102; Ohio & Mississippi, 30½; Hartford & Quincy, 102½; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 64; Lake Shore, 81; Indianapolis & Cincinnati, 94½; Illinois Central, 96½; Union Pacific, Central Pacific, 94; Union, 90; Delaware & Lackawanna, 109.

LONDON, November 9.—5 P. M.—The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England to-day was £23,000. Consols 93¾@93⅞ for money and 93¾@93⅞ do of '67, 109¾; 10-40's, 104⅜; new 5s, 103¾; New York Central, 95; Erie, 28¾; do preferred, 41.

PARIS, November 9.—Rentes 62f 75c.

FRANKFORT, October 9.—5-20's 92¾@92⅞.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, Nov. 9, 1874.

Business in general merchandise continues quiet and unsatisfactory, and while there is very general complaint, both by merchants and manufacturers, who complain that their business falls considerably behind what it usually is at this season of the year, it is, we suppose, about all that we can reasonably expect. As has been the case ever since the panic, the demand for everything is very much curtailed, as compared with what it usually is at this particular season, as people generally are buying only for immediate wants, carrying no more stock than they can help, having determined, as the money is to be, to keep close to shore. Hence general trade, as already intimated, while it is considerably curtailed, is in a more healthy condition than it has been for many years, as people are becoming satisfied to do a legitimate business and ever-trading has received a pretty effective quietus. Notwithstanding orders for goods of all kinds are comparatively light, there is a very fair business in the aggregate, while as regards values, there have been no important changes since the date of our last weekly review.

GRAIN.—The demand for grain is moderate steadily, but so is the consumption, as is always the case at this season of the year, hence prices remain unchanged; sales at $1.50@2 for common to choice white Ohio, and $1.60@2.10 for choice. The demand as yet is mostly for small lots, and dealers have but little hope of any improvement in prices until toward spring.

ALE—Trade continues dull, and unsatisfactory to brewers, with but little prospect of an early improvement. Brewers have folded up very quietly for profit during the past year. We continue to quote 2¼ @2½ bbl to the country and $3.50 extra for No. 1 bbls, and $4.50@5 for half bbls in regular proportion.

APPLE BUTTER—Continues to come forward freely, and, with a very limited demand, the stock is accumulating, and the market is dull; quotable, in kegs, 6@6½ ₰ gallon.

ASHES—There is some little inquiry, but the volume of business in the aggregate continues light, as it usually is at this particular time, while as regards prices, they are nominally unchanged.

BACON—No 1 "Union" Brooms, $1.75; No 2 do, $1.50; No 3 do, $1.25; No 4 do, $1; No 5 do, $.75; No 6 do, $3.25; No 3 Carpet do, $2.50; No 4 do, $3.75; No 5 do, $4.00; Toy & Wisps, $1.25; Steamers and Extras, $2.50@3.00. Above are wholesale rates—retail prices are 25 to 50 cents higher.

BEANS—The demand continues light, hence notwithstanding the supply is small, it is ample for present requirements, and the general tone of the market for the strictly choice grades is firm, but appears to have turned out better than was expected. Quotable at $2@2.10 for medimms and $2.25@2.30 for choice hand-picked.

BEESWAX—Continues quiet, and, in the absence of sales, we continue to quote nominally at 28@30 cents.

BROOM CORN—The arrivals continue comparatively light, and with reduced stocks in this market and an average demand the market is firm, and within the past month an advance has been established in prices. It is claimed that not only was the crop light, but that the acreage planted was not as large as usual.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—There is a fair demand but the supply is fully equal to it, and prices are lower; selling at 3½@4 ₰ ₱.

BUTTER—The market continues quiet, the demand as well as the supply being very light, and prices considerably below what it usually is at this season of the year; hence, notwithstanding the arrivals continue light, the supply is fully equal to the demand, and prices, as compared with the date of our last review, have undergone no quotable change. Prime to choice roll, 27@30c; medium to good, 25@26; common to fair, 19@24. Retailers report that they are not selling as much butter as they usually do, at this particular time, and, from what we can learn, we have reason to believe that a good many families will be satisfied if they can only obtain bread this winter and do without butter.

CHESTNUTS—The arrivals have fallen off considerably, and the demand is still light; we quote at $3@6 ₱ bu.

CRANBERRIES—There is a fair demand, but the supply is fully equal to it, and the market continues quiet and unchanged; selling at $10@15 ₱ bbl for Jerseys and $14@15 for Sackets.

CHEESE—There is a steady demand, and we can report regular jobbing sales at 16½@17 for factory cheese, while dealers are paying 15@15½ for country. The eastern markets were dull for all descriptions, but a better feeling prevailed on Friday and Saturday, and holders refused to make concessions. The stock is quite short in this country, but dealers, having no confidence, are backward in buying in a speculative way. The late news from Rio, showing the daily receipts to be 15,000 bags, and 210,000 bags in stock there, deters business here, though we lack stock for an ordinary demand. The lower grades are scarcer, however, and without change in value. Java strong. Sugars are lower, and the market without any activity. It is the general opinion that "Yellows" have touched bottom. Syrups steady. Rice firm. Lard is higher, in consequence of late news that the product will fall short of the estimates made by Western packers, and because of larger sales for export to Europe.

SUGARS.			
Crushed	11¾	Standard B	10⅜
Granulated	11½	Ex C Standard	10⅜
Powdered	11¾	Demarara	10¼@10½
Standard A	10¾	Porto Rico	9½@9¾
SYRUPS			
Sugar house	40@45	Sugar Drips	65@70
Maryland	60	White Drips	70@75
Silver Drips	60	Extra Golden	70@80
COFFEES.			
Rio Good	20 @21	Roasted Java	30
Rio Prime	22 @23	Roasted Java, do	40
Rio Fancy	24 @25		
RICE.			
Rangoon ₱ lb	7	Patna ₱ lb	7½@8
Carolina ₱ lb	8@8½		
MOLASSES.			
Porto Rico	55@60	New Orleans	45@60
Demarara	60@65		
SPICES.			
Grain Pepper	27	Ground Ginger, 10 lb cans	22
" Alispice	20	Ground Alspice, 10 lb cans	25
Cloves	50	Ground Cloves, 10 lb cans	63
Cassia, Bark	40	Ground Mustard, 10 lb cans	33
Nutmegs	85@90	Ground Cinnamon, 10 lb cans	50
Ground Ginger	35		
TOBACCO.			
Lorillard's Per-fecting, Bu	62	Orange Girl, dark	56
Circassian Girl, D. T	65	" 3d	60
Sultanas	60	Virginia Darks	56
Gold Ear	62	Spun Roll	50
Fire Brg ₱ 8 lbs	60	Imperadora Fine Cut	65
D. T. and 3d	62	Perfection	74
Monitor	62	Sportsman	55
Weyman's	58 50	Perfection	50
Eng. Shag	45 46	A. A	32
Tom and Jerry	36	F. G	28
SOAPS.			
Babbit's Best	10	S. E. & Co's Sup. Wax	8
Babbit's N. Y	9	Woman's Friend	8
Russian	6 00	Scrubbing	4
Lion, L. O. V	7 75	Park Co.'s Glycerine, per box	3 50
Persian	3 00	Park Co.'s Toilet, per box	3 (4) 3 50
Colgate's Palm, Castile	9 75	Park Co.'s Glycerine, per box	3
Colgate's Floral Toilet	4 50	Eagle	4 50
Extra Wax	8	Chemical	6
Olive	8		
CANDLES.			
Star, full weight	19	Stearine	13
SPICES.			
Alspice ₱ lb	17½@18½	Cloves ₱ lb	60
Nutmegs ₱ lb	1.35@1.40	Pepper ₱ lb	27 @28
STARCH.			
Common	6	Silver Gloss	9½@10
Oswego	9	Corn	10½@11
SODA.			
Bi-carb ₱ 10 kgs	6 @6½	Bi-carb ₱ lb papers	8
German Assorted	6 @6½	Sal Soda	2 @2½
Standard	4½	Star	6½@7
Saxon Imperial	6 @6½	A lean Castile 10	9@11
White Lilly	6 @6½	Foreign Castile 13	13@14
White Rose	6 @6½		

LEATHER—Trade has somewhat improved, but not to the extent that we had hoped for, considering the usual brisk demand that generally characterizes the month of October. The quality of stock firm. Common and No. 2 neglected.

Oak Sole, country	0.34@0.37
Oak Sole, city	0.39@0.42
Red Sole, B. A. heavy and nice	0.36@0.42
Red Sole, Common	0.29@0.31
Red Sole, good Ogd	0.32@0.34
Oak, Rough	0.30@0.32
Harness, city sole	0.36@0.42
Harness, country	0.30@0.36
Harness, No. 2 and common	0.27@0.30
Upper, light	0.35@0.40
Upper, heavy	0.43@0.45
Fair Brides	0.46@0.50
Belt Leather	0.40@0.45
Calf Skins, city	1.10@1.40
Finished Upper, ₱ foot	0.90@1.00
Finished Kips	0.80@0.90

OILS—No 1 winter strained Lard Oil quoted at $1.05@1.10. Linseed Oil, 75@80 cents, and raw 69@70 cents by the car load, and 1@2c additional on smaller lots.

PROVISIONS—Trade, while it cannot be termed active, is fair, not much behind what it usually is at this season of the year, but prices are weak and drooping. Mess Pork has been reduced one dollar per bbl during the past week, and Hams, Shoulders and Lard from ¼ to ½ ₰ ₱ lb. Following are the current rates:

Hams—Extras, C. R.	13
Shoulders, Ex S. C.	10½
Dried Beef, S. C.	14½
Bacon Sugar Cured, old	12
Beef Tongues Sugar Cured, ₱ doz	1.35
Mess Pork, ₱ bbl	$22.00
Lard—Ref. in tres	14½
Lorillard's Per-fecting, Bu	62
Circassian Girl, D. T	65
Sultanas	60
Gold Ear	62
Fire Brg ₱ 8 lbs	60
D. T. and 3d	62
Monitor	62
Weyman's	$18 50
Eng. Shag	45 46
Tom and Jerry	36

Babbit's Best.....10
Babbit's N. Y.....9
Russian.....6 00
Lion, L. O. V.....7 75
Persian.....3 00
Colgate's Palm, Castile.....9 75
Colgate's Floral Toilet.....4 50
Extra Wax.....8
Olive.....8

CANDLES.
Star, full weight.....19

SPICES.
Alspice ₱ lb.....17½@18½
Nutmegs ₱ lb.....1.35@1.40

STARCH.
Common.....6
Oswego.....9

SODA.
Bi-carb ₱ 10 kgs.....6 @6½
German Assorted.....6 @6½
Standard.....4½
Saxon Imperial.....6 @6½
White Lilly.....6 @6½
White Rose.....6 @6½

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Nutmegs ₱ lb.....1.35@1.40

Common.....6
Oswego.....9

HOME NEWS.

The Puddlers' Conference.

The Conference yesterday afternoon between the puddlers and iron manufacturers was held according to the arrangement and the differences between them discussed, but nothing definite was arrived at.

Attempted Burglary.

At an early hour yesterday morning burglars attempted to force an entrance into a cigar store on Irwin avenue, near Jackson street, Allegheny, by forcing off the shutters, but they were frightened away before they had succeeded in their designs.

Runaway and Smash-up.

A horse attached to a buck wagon, belonging to Wm. Beilstein, a grocer, on Ohio street, Allegheny, ran off on Madison avenue yesterday afternoon and smashed the buckwagon. A young man who was in the buck wagon named Wm. Edwards was thrown out and badly bruised.

Cruelty to Animals—Meeting To-day.

This afternoon at three o'clock a meeting will be held at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, for the purpose of organizing a Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. All humane citizens, male and female, are earnestly requested, and particularly the ladies, to meet and join in the organization.

A Burglar Promptly Dealt With.

On Saturday night a burglar forced an entrance into the Manchester Lunch House, on Beaver avenue, Allegheny, and while looking for something to steal, the proprietor discovered and captured him. He promptly administered a sound thrashing to the thief, and then turned him out, with the advice to clear out quickly, or he might not escape so easy. He vanished.

Shop Lifter Captured.

About two o'clock yesterday afternoon an old Irish woman, who was somewhat intoxicated, was observed stealing some goods in Semples' dry goods store, Allegheny. Officer Noble was called in and arrested her, but Mr. Semple declined to prosecute her if she would pay for what she had taken, which she did. She was then placed in a car and sent to her home in Pittsburgh.

Sabbath School Convention.

The Sabbath School Convention of the Methodist A. M. E. Zion church, which convened on last Thursday, was well attended, large crowds being in attendance from various parts, the clergy being represented by Drs. Matthews and Williams and Revs. Pipkins, Bell and others. A spirit of unanimity and zeal pervaded all classes and much good was done. "There was no wool pulled over the eyes of any present."

Sudden Death.

The sad intelligence was received in the city yesterday that Prof. James R. Newell, of this city, had died on Sunday at Mt. Auburn, near Cincinnati, of apoplexy. The deceased was one of the Professors of the Newell Institute of this city and one of the best educators in the community. He was a cultured Christian gentleman, who had many friends to whom his death will cause sincere grief.

Taking a Nap in the Mayor's Office.

Last evening a man named Jack Ewing, who was laboring somewhat under the influence of liquor, entered the audience room of the Allegheny Mayor's office and seated himself on a chair and went to sleep. Soon after officer Scott found him there, and on trying to arouse him he became angry and wanted to have his nap out. He was promptly furnished with a board bench in a cell, and this morning he will have the pleasure of paying for his lodgings.

Fell From a Bridge.

Last evening about 6 o'clock a workingman, who was walking along the track of the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., started to walk across the bridge over Lacock street, Allegheny, but in the darkness he failed to step upon the cross ties and fell through between them to the street below, a distance of about eighteen feet. Several persons who saw the accident ran to his assistance, expecting to find him badly hurt, but they found that he had escaped with a severe wound on the head, and several bad bruises.

THE OFFICIAL RETURNS.

A Hitch in the Fourth District—The Work Not Yet Completed.

The clerks were busy yesterday in figuring up the election returns, and completed all but the Fourth District. In this the returns were footed up, but the two tally sheets were not compared and verified, as in the other cases, and the work was suspended until this morning. In the Fourth District nearly all the votes cast for Carson have been cast for John M Carson, when Joseph M. Carson was the nominee. These returns are before the Court, and will be again revised before the official count of the district is announced. When it is completed, we shall give the full official returns together. It is unnecessary to publish the list incomplete again, as the footings generally tally with those we have already published.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

A Man Roughly Handled.

Yesterday a man by the name of James Nolan appeared before Alderman Logan, and made complaint against Robert Johnston charging him and other parties with robbing him on Saturday night. The plaintiff alleges that at the time above stated he with Johnston had been drinking, that they went up Wylie avenue about nine o'clock, when an assault was made upon him by the defendant together with other parties, who were unknown to him, that one of them threw their arm around his neck, and held him, while the others beat him over the head and went through his pockets, taking therefrom about three or four dollars in money—all he had about him. Johnston was arrested yesterday and had a partial hearing after which he was committed for a further hearing to-day.

THE BOARD OF TRADE.

The Meeting on Thursday—A Full Attendance Desirable.

Our manufacturers, merchants and business men generally should not forget the meeting to be held on Thursday afternoon for the organization of a Board of Trade. The sub-committee on Organization will report at that time, and it is desirable that there be a full attendance of all interested in the project. We ought to have a permanent institution of the character in the city. No other city of like proportions or business influence is without such an organization, and Pittsburgh should not be behind the age. A Board of Trade, where our business men could meet and exchange notes and transact business, and have a concert of action or anything pertaining to their interests, would be of incalculable benefit to the trade of Pittsburgh, and we hope to see it permanently organized Thursday next.

THE TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE.

Meeting Yesterday Morning—Various Matters Discussed.

The regular weekly meeting of the County Temperance Alliance was held yesterday morning at the corner of Penn avenue and Sixth street, in the absence of the President, Mr. Gallagher was called to the Chair. Reports were made by Mrs. Vanhorn, Allen and Bryce concerning their different fields of labor, which were received.

Mr. Kirk moved that Messrs. Dr Swift, W. B. Ross, Jonathan Gallagher, George Finley and Wm. T. Powell be appointed a committee to award the silk prohibition flag to the voting precinct in the county (polling more than 50 votes) that cast the largest percentage of votes for the Prohibition ticket, and that they make suitable arrangements for the presentation.

Mr. Kirk also moved that a committee, consisting of Messrs. George Finley, S. M. Hershberger, Wm. T. Powell, J. H. Burtt and Dr. Kennedy, be appointed to find out the legality of the election of Mayor McCarthy. Rev. Swift thought to attempt such a thing would result injuriously to the party. A lively discussion here ensued, which resulted in the motion being laid upon the table.

A motion was made by Jos. Turner that a committee of five be appointed to prepare a Prohibition bill and present it to the next Legislature. The motion was laid upon the table. Adjourned.

ALLEGHENY WATER AFFAIRS.

The Water Committee in Session Last Night.

A meeting of the Water Committee of Allegheny Councils was held last evening, Mr. A. D. Smith presiding.

A number of petitions for abatement of water tax were taken up. Some were granted and others refused.

It was decided to lay a four inch main on Adams street from Preble avenue to Vermont street.

Superintendent Paul stated that the old boilers at the old water works were entirely unfit for further use, and not worth repairing. It was agreed to report a resolution to Councils authorizing the committee to advertise for proposals for the construction of a battery of three boilers for the old water works.

Mr. Paul also reported that the engines at the old works had been entirely overhauled and thoroughly repaired, and were now in a better condition than ever before. The repairs on them will be completed on Saturday.

The specifications for improving and enlarging the water reservoir were referred, to a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Smith, Johnston and Superintendent Paul for examination, and the committee was authorized to advertise for proposals making the improvements.

The Superintendent of the water works was authorized to receive bids for covering the steam pipes in the new water works with the patent non-conducting covering. The pay-roll amounted to $1,480.57, and bills to the amount of $1,502 were approved.

The special committee appointed to examine the different sites for a new reservoir will hold a meeting on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Adjourned.

Chocolate E'Clairs, Vanilla E'Clairs, fine Confectionery, Foreign Fruits, etc., at Hubley's.

PITTSBURGH COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting Yesterday.

A Lively Session—An Interesting Point of Order—The Contract With the Pennsylvania Railroad—Discussing it in Select Council—A Repealing Resolution Passed—Proposed Change in the Manner of Electing City Officers—The Payment of the South Side Indebtedness—City Officers' Salaries Again—The Reservoir Contracts.

Pittsburgh Councils held a regular meeting Monday afternoon, Nov. 9, 1874.

SELECT COUNCIL.

JOHN R. MCCUNE.....*President Pro Tem.*
E. S. MORROW.....Clerk.

President Gross being absent, on motion of Mr. Aiken, Mr. John R. McCune was called to the chair.

The following members were present: Messrs. Adams, Ahl, Ahlborn, Aiken, Anderson, Atterbury, Bissell, Braun, Brown, Bates, Burgwin, Darlington, Dannells, Dorrington, Doyle, Eitemiller, Elder, Fetterman, Foster, Fox, Froelich, Goldthorpe, Harrison, Hays, Herron, House, Hunter, Kernan, Keebler, Kestner, Knapp, Lloyd, Littell, Macfarlane, Mitchell, Meyer, Moore, Murray, Musgrave, A. G. McCandless, J. Guy McCandless, McClurg, McCune, McFarland, McMasters, Negley, O'Neil, Rafferty, Rayburn, Scully, Shipton, Spahr, Watson, Zern and Smith.

The minutes of the two preceding meetings were read and approved.

A POINT OF ORDER.

MR HERRON before proceeding with business in regular order made the point of order that under the act of Assembly to pass a resolution it did not require a majority vote of all the members elected to Councils, but only a majority vote of all the members present provided that majority was equal to two-fifths of the members elect of Councils.

MR. HERRON in making the point of order stated that at a former meeting of Councils when he had called up a resolution in reference to the payment of transportation expenses for the Road Commissioner's corps, the Chair had decided that it required a majority of all the members elect of Council. He thought this an erroneous decision.

The Chair said the matter put the temporary Chairman in an embarrassing position. The regular Chairman had decided that it required a majority vote of all the members elect. He, however, (Mr. McCune,) held to a different view, but did not wish to make a decision. He would decline, therefore, to make a decision on the matter pertaining to past proceedings, but he would decide in any case that might come up in the course of the afternoon.

MR. A. G. MCCANDLESS held that the point of order was not pertinent to the present time. It should have been made at the time the decision was made.

The judgment was confirmed by the Chair, and the point of order ruled as irregular at that time; the Chair, however, stated that if any case came up during the afternoon, a decision would be made on the point, if it was then raised.

FROM THE WARDS.

MR. HUNTER presented a petition for reduction of business tax. Referred.

Also, petition for re location of Water street, from Penn avenue to Duquesne Way. Referred.

MR. RAFFERTY, a petition relative to the opening of Forbes street.

MR. MUSGRAVE, petition for gas lamps. Referred.

MR. ZERN, three petitions for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Mr. DANNELLS, petition for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Mr. A. G. MCCANDLESS, petition for reduction of business tax. Referred.

Also, petition in reference to a bond. Referred.

Also, two petitions for abatement of business tax. Referred.

MR. HARRISON, resolution in reference to fire burning in coal the works on Thirty-third street. Referred.

Also, resolution for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Also, resolution in regard to suspension of work on the Thirty-third street bridge until some decision be reached on proposed changes in alignments. Passed.

MR. AHLBORN, two petitions for reduction of tax on residence. Referred.

MR. BISSELL, a resolution for appointment of a committee of three to wait upon Superintendent of Water to ascertain whether water could be supplied to citizens of the Eighteenth ward residing along the upper end of Butler street.

Rules suspended to consider the resolution. It was then passed.

MR. SCULLY, petition for abatement of business tax. Referred.

MR. AIKEN, petition from Charles F. Neale for refunding of over-paid tax. Petition filed and resolution authorizing a refunding warrant, referred to City Assessor.

MR. AIKEN, an ordinance to repeal that portion of the City Code, under the title of "City Attorney" that provided for the payment of all expenses incurred by the City Attorney, in prosecuting cases for the city, —after the bill had been approved by committee. Referred to Finance Committee.

Also, an ordinance making the term of each city officer three years, and changing the manner of his election from the people.

MR. LITTELL, three petitions for abatement of business tax. Referred.

MR. SCULLY, petition for gas lamp on Second avenue referred.

MR. EITEMILLER, petition for refunding of over-paid taxes. Referred.

Also, a petition for permission to erect a wooden building on South side. Referred.

MR. ADAMS, petition for grading and paving of Manor street, South Side. Referred.

MR. ATTERBURY, petition for gas connection from a gas post at the Birmingham bridge. Referred.

Also, resolution for a special election to fill a vacancy in the Twenty-seventh ward representation caused by the resignation of J. T. Galvin. Passed.

MR. HAYS a resolution for fire plugs on Carson, Main and Walnut streets, South Side. Referred.

THE GUARDIANS.

MR. BRAUN a resolution for appointment of a committee of three in conjunction with the City Solicitor to inquire what changes should be made in the Act of Assembly establishing a Board of Guardians.

MR. A. G. MCCANDLESS objected.

A division was called for on a suspension of the rules, which was decided negatively by a call of the ayes and nays—by 26 ayes to 20 nays—there not being a three-fourth vote in favor.

MR. MITCHELL, the report of the Committee on Water, setting forth that the contract for laying water pipe on Lincoln avenue to Clay alley to James McGriffith, be being the only bidder. The report was approved.

CORNER STONE PUMPING WORKS.

Also, an invitation to Councils to attend at the laying of the corner stone of the new pumping works. A resolution was passed for the appointment by Presidents of Councils to make arrangements for the attendance of Councils and citizens provided there was no cost to the city.

MR. MUSGRAVE, a resolution for the transfer of $2,000 from the appropriation for the Fifth Avenue Market to the Diamond Market. Referred to City Solicitor.

MR. HERRON presented the report of the Road Committee, showing expenditures for the month of October. Referred to Finance.

MR. HERRON in this connection stated that the Road Committee had ordered all work to stop as their fund was about exhausted, having in it less than $700. The appropriation had been exhausted by the withdrawal of funds for the payment of old bills.

Mr. O'NEILL called up the resolution from Common Council, asking the Engineers of the Water Works to resign. Referred.

MR. HERRON moved that a committee, consisting of Messrs. George Finley, S. M. Hershberger, Wm. T. Powell, J. H. Burtt and Dr. Kennedy, be appointed to find out the legality of the election of Mayor McCarthy. Rev. Swift thought to attempt such a thing would result injuriously to the party. A lively discussion here ensued, which resulted in the motion being laid upon the table.

A motion was made by Jos. Turner that a committee of five be appointed to prepare a Prohibition bill and present it to the next Legislature. The motion was laid upon the table. Adjourned.

ALLEGHENY WATER AFFAIRS.

The Water Committee in Session Last Night.

A meeting of the Water Committee of Allegheny Councils was held last evening, Mr. A. D. Smith presiding.

A number of petitions for abatement of water tax were taken up. Some were granted and others refused.

It was decided to lay a four inch main on Adams street from Preble avenue to Vermont street.

Superintendent Paul stated that the old boilers at the old water works were entirely unfit for further use, and not worth repairing. It was agreed to report a resolution to Councils authorizing the committee to advertise for proposals for the construction of a battery of three boilers for the old water works.

Mr. Paul also reported that the engines at the old works had been entirely overhauled and thoroughly repaired, and were now in a better condition than ever before. The repairs on them will be completed on Saturday.

The specifications for improving and enlarging the water reservoir were referred, to a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Smith, Johnston and Superintendent Paul for examination, and the committee was authorized to advertise for proposals making the improvements.

The Superintendent of the water works was authorized to receive bids for covering the steam pipes in the new water works with the patent non-conducting covering. The pay-roll amounted to $1,480.57, and bills to the amount of $1,502 were approved.

The special committee appointed to examine the different sites for a new reservoir will hold a meeting on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Adjourned.

Chocolate E'Clairs, Vanilla E'Clairs, fine Confectionery, Foreign Fruits, etc., at Hubley's.

PITTSBURGH COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting Yesterday.

A Lively Session—An Interesting Point of Order—The Contract With the Pennsylvania Railroad—Discussing it in Select Council—A Repealing Resolution Passed—Proposed Change in the Manner of Electing City Officers—The Payment of the South Side Indebtedness—City Officers' Salaries Again—The Reservoir Contracts.

Pittsburgh Councils held a regular meeting Monday afternoon, Nov. 9, 1874.

SELECT COUNCIL.

JOHN R. MCCUNE.....*President Pro Tem.*
E. S. MORROW.....Clerk.

President Gross being absent, on motion of Mr. Aiken, Mr. John R. McCune was called to the chair.

The following members were present: Messrs. Adams, Ahl, Ahlborn, Aiken, Anderson, Atterbury, Bissell, Braun, Brown, Bates, Burgwin, Darlington, Dannells, Dorrington, Doyle, Eitemiller, Elder, Fetterman, Foster, Fox, Froelich, Goldthorpe, Harrison, Hays, Herron, House, Hunter, Kernan, Keebler, Kestner, Knapp, Lloyd, Littell, Macfarlane, Mitchell, Meyer, Moore, Murray, Musgrave, A. G. McCandless, J. Guy McCandless, McClurg, McCune, McFarland, McMasters, Negley, O'Neil, Rafferty, Rayburn, Scully, Shipton, Spahr, Watson, Zern and Smith.

The minutes of the two preceding meetings were read and approved.

A POINT OF ORDER.

MR HERRON before proceeding with business in regular order made the point of order that under the act of Assembly to pass a resolution it did not require a majority vote of all the members elected to Councils, but only a majority vote of all the members present provided that majority was equal to two-fifths of the members elect of Councils.

MR. HERRON in making the point of order stated that at a former meeting of Councils when he had called up a resolution in reference to the payment of transportation expenses for the Road Commissioner's corps, the Chair had decided that it required a majority of all the members elect of Council. He thought this an erroneous decision.

The Chair said the matter put the temporary Chairman in an embarrassing position. The regular Chairman had decided that it required a majority vote of all the members elect. He, however, (Mr. McCune,) held to a different view, but did not wish to make a decision. He would decline, therefore, to make a decision on the matter pertaining to past proceedings, but he would decide in any case that might come up in the course of the afternoon.

MR. A. G. MCCANDLESS held that the point of order was not pertinent to the present time. It should have been made at the time the decision was made.

The judgment was confirmed by the Chair, and the point of order ruled as irregular at that time; the Chair, however, stated that if any case came up during the afternoon, a decision would be made on the point, if it was then raised.

FROM THE WARDS.

MR. HUNTER presented a petition for reduction of business tax. Referred.

Also, petition for re location of Water street, from Penn avenue to Duquesne Way. Referred.

MR. HAFFERTY, a petition relative to the opening of Forbes street.

MR. MUSGRAVE, petition for gas lamps. Referred.

MR. ZERN, three petitions for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Mr. DANNELLS, petition for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Mr. A. G. MCCANDLESS, petition for reduction of business tax. Referred.

Also, petition in reference to a bond. Referred.

Also, two petitions for abatement of business tax. Referred.

MR. HARRISON, resolution in reference to fire burning in coal the works on Thirty-third street. Referred.

Also, resolution for abatement of business tax. Referred.

Also, resolution in regard to suspension of work on the Thirty-third street bridge until some decision be reached on proposed changes in alignments. Passed.

MR. AHLBORN, two petitions for reduction of tax on residence. Referred.

MR. BISSELL, a resolution for appointment of a committee of three to wait upon Superintendent of Water to ascertain whether water could be supplied to citizens of the Eighteenth ward residing along the upper end of Butler street.

Rules suspended to consider the resolution. It was then passed.

MR. SCULLY, petition for abatement of business tax. Referred.

MR. AIKEN, petition from Charles F. Neale for refunding of over-paid tax. Petition filed and resolution authorizing a refunding warrant, referred to City Assessor.

MR. AIKEN, an ordinance to repeal that portion of the City Code, under the title of "City Attorney" that provided for the payment of all expenses incurred by the City Attorney, in prosecuting cases for the city, —after the bill had been approved by committee. Referred to Finance Committee.

Also, an ordinance making the term of each city officer three years, and changing the manner of his election from the people.

MR. LITTELL, three petitions for abatement of business tax. Referred.

MR. SCULLY, petition for gas lamp on Second avenue referred.

MR. EITEMILLER, petition for refunding of over-paid taxes. Referred.

Also, a petition for permission to erect a wooden building on South side. Referred.

MR. ADAMS, petition for grading and paving of Manor street, South Side. Referred.

MR. ATTERBURY, petition for gas connection from a gas post at the Birmingham bridge. Referred.

Also, resolution for a special election to fill a vacancy in the Twenty-seventh ward representation caused by the resignation of J. T. Galvin. Passed.

MR. HAYS a resolution for fire plugs on Carson, Main and Walnut streets, South Side. Referred.

THE GUARDIANS.

MR. BRAUN a resolution for appointment of a committee of three in conjunction with the City Solicitor to inquire what changes should be made in the Act of Assembly establishing a Board of Guardians.

MR. A. G. MCCANDLESS objected.

A division was called for on a suspension of the rules, which was decided negatively by a call of the ayes and nays—by 26 ayes to 20 nays—there not being a three-fourth vote in favor.

MR. MITCHELL, the report of the Committee on Water, setting forth that the contract for laying water pipe on Lincoln avenue to Clay alley to James McGriffith, be being the only bidder. The report was approved.

CORNER STONE PUMPING WORKS.

Also, an invitation to Councils to attend at the laying of the corner stone of the new pumping works. A resolution was passed for the appointment by Presidents of Councils to make arrangements for the attendance of Councils and citizens provided there was no cost to the city.

MR. MUSGRAVE, a resolution for the transfer of $2,000 from the appropriation for the Fifth Avenue Market to the Diamond Market. Referred to City Solicitor.

MR. HERRON presented the report of the Road Committee, showing expenditures for the month of October. Referred to Finance.

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THE DISTRICT ATTORNEYSHIP.

Meeting of the Bar Association—Resolutions Adopted.

A meeting of the Bar Association was held in the Court House yesterday afternoon, at which the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, The Hon. Thomas Marshall, District Attorney of Allegheny county, has been elected to the Supreme Bench of this State, and will soon resign the office of District Attorney; and

Whereas, The duties of that office have been discharged by him with marked ability, and to the entire satisfaction of the public; therefore

Resolved, That the Bar Association of Allegheny county, in view of the approaching vacancy in the office of District Attorney, desires to express its high appreciation of the character and ability of Judge Marshall, and its confidence in his integrity and learning as a lawyer.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be presented to Judge Marshall by the President and Secretary of this Association.

THE CASE OF D. D. WILLIAMS.

A Large Delegation Arrives from Connecticut.

The case of D. D. Williams, the alleged defaulting cashier of the Connecautville bank, will come up for hearing in the United States Circuit Court this morning. Every preparation has been made for the trial, so it is thought there will be no delay. A large delegation of witnesses arrived from Connecautville yesterday to testify on both sides of the case, and the greatest interest is manifested as to the final result. In all probability the witnesses will be examined and the hearing concluded to-day.

Dunlap Hats

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

Last Chance.

But a short time remains for the purchase of tickets in the Fifth Gift Concert of the Public Library of Kentucky. Tickets have been notified to make returns from the 20th to the 25th inst., but for the convenience of those who may have failed to supply themselves through the agents, CASH orders will be filled at the Library office, if received by the 23th, and if any money should come too late it will be promptly returned to the party sending it.

Lorne Hat

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

J. R. WELDIN & CO.

101 Wood Street,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Stereoscopes and Stereoscope Views.

Has the largest and most complete lines of Sterescope Views ever brought to the city, comprising all the views made by the several Celebrated Sterescopic Artists of England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Italy and America. Plain and Colored Groups, Scenery, Illuminated, Historic Castles, Palaces, Churches, Public Buildings. Also, Luckhardt's Vienna Beauties and Berlin Artists.

Lorne Hat

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

The Lovers of Fine Stereoscope Views

Can now find at home a line of views which embraces everything and every line of any note or reputation, either Foreign or American, Colored or Plain, from the lowest prices to the finest and most artistic made, at

J. R. WELDIN & CO.'S,
101 Wood street.

Lorne Hat

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

Vanilla, Chocolate, and Strawberry Ice Creams, Lemon water Ice, Frozen Custard, furnished after George Dawson's lecture this evening, at J. R. Hubley & Co.'s, 195 Penn avenue.

Dunlap Hats

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

To Be or Not to Be.

This is the question, whether it is better to buy your boots and shoes of R. Taggart, No 129 Federal street, at his low prices, saving yourselves 20 cents on the dollar, and in the purchase of a few pairs of boots or shoes, save sufficient for a new hat or a new bonnet, or buy other places and do without the hat or bonnet? Let parties who have so much money that they do not know how to get rid of it, buy at other houses, but the prudent and economical will see the wisdom of going to Taggart's for their boots and shoes.

Dunlap Hats

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

Hats for Big Heads.

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House—"Richelieu."

Mr. Lawrence Barrett, who is ranked among the best tragedians on the American stage, an actor of universal versatility and a sincere and conscientious actor, opened a two weeks' engagement at the Opera House last evening, playing the title *role* in "Richelieu." This drama is included in the repertory of nearly all first-class artists, such as Booth, Adams, McCullough, Barrett, and others we might enumerate, inasmuch as it is one of most graceful to the star that can possibly be found, as had it been written with the sole purpose of exalting one actor beyond the others, it could not well have been better handled. All stars who wish to create a distinct impression rely upon *Richelieu* to make it for them. Mr. Barrett is peculiarly fitted to realize the ideal of the author. A man of severe study and active brain, he is probably better qualified for sympathy with and personation of *Richelieu* than any other actor at present personating the character. He is a deliberate and earnest elocutionist, and measures the force of a line with general accuracy. He is a man of brain without sentiment, a lover of art, glowing with a warmth which springs not from himself, but from his observation of propriety. His perception of character is keen, and what few mannerisms he has are unlike any other actors. In moments of the profoundest passion, Mr. Barrett can master the situation and approach the climax of a speech with consummate skill, as in the "curse scene," and reserve the full force for the dramatic situation. His *Richelieu* is a firm and consistent portrait, and a closer approximation to the ideal of the play than probably any other we have seen. The charm of his acting lies in its utter naturalness. A feeling akin to disappointment is at first possessed the mind when one finds that the well-beaten highway of the *Richelieus* is somewhat forsaken, but as the characterization progresses and the talent of the artist impresses itself more fully on the minds of the audience the old lines are forgotten and admiration becomes the predominant feeling. The great scenes of the third and fourth acts were never delivered with more signal effect than they were last evening. With him the character of *Richelieu* is a harmonious whole, complete in all its parts, and not a kaleidoscope of uncommected traits. It should be borne in mind, too, that Mr. Barrett is perhaps the youngest tragedian of any note who ever successfully personated the character in which he excels. Mr. Barrett as *Richelieu* is a success, and his popularity with the lovers of the legitimate drama was fully attested by the large and highly appreciative audience that assembled to witness his rendition of the character. The support given by the company was generally good, the *Julie de Mortimer* of Miss Isabella Cassidy deserving special mention.

"Hamlet" will be given to-night.

Library Hall.

On Friday afternoon next, at 2½ o'clock, the Germania Orchestra will give the first of a series of twelve matinee concerts. In another column will be found the exceent programme, which embraces selections from the most eminent musical composers. Tickets can be purchased at Boerger's music store, and the book store of Gildenfenny & Hess, on Fifth avenue, also at the hall on concert to-day.

The Lecture To-night.

The opening lecture of the Mercantile Library Course will be given this evening by the great English orator George Dawson. He will talk of "Great Men's Wives," which is a subject that is made interesting in his hands. It will be one of the best lectures of the course.

MRS. BROWN, whose stage name is Miss Jane Coombs, concluded a very successful two weeks' engagement at the Pittsburgh Opera House on Saturday last. She is one of the most pleasing actresses on the American stage in almost any character, but the play of "The Sphinx," in which she enacted the part of the heroine, added nothing to her brilliant reputation.

WHEN the engagement of Mr. Barrett concludes at the Opera House, in this city, Miss Effie E. Elisler will give the public a number of her charming characterizations. This young lady is a favorite in Pittsburgh, and justly so, for her talents are of such a high order that she inevitably wins success and admiration at every place she appears. At the close of engagements in Allegheny and Wheeling, O., she was presented by her admirers with an elegant gold chain and locket.

THE BELLIGERENT ROMANS.

The Difficulty at the Armstrong Works Unsettled—The Sheriff Sends Out Another Force of Deputies.

The disturbance at the Armstrong works, opposite Buena Vista, remains unsettled, and Sheriff Hare has been called upon again to quell the difficulties.

It will be remembered that three deputies were dispatched to the scene of encounter on saturday last, by the Sheriff, and on their return they reported that the shooting comes entirely from the Italians, and that no resistance is made by the citizens on the Allegheny side of the river. On Saturday night and Sunday the foreigners used their guns rather freely by firing heavy volleys into Buena Vista, and the citizens have become alarmed to such an extent, that when the roar of musketry begins it is said that the women and children fly to the hills for safety. Yesterday Sheriff Hare sent another posse of deputies to the works to look into the difficulties, but as there seems to be no trouble within the bounds of this county, and the disturbance is within his jurisdiction it is hard for him to give the aid desired. On Sunday afternoon while the bells at Buena Vista were pealing for church, a volley of over one hundred shots came showering across the river from the Roman camp, accompanied by the wild, defiant yells, which characterized the skirmishing during the blackness of the preceding night. No return shots were fired, because there are not, it is stated, above a dozen miners in the whole village. Thus far no one has been hurt, but if the firing is allowed to continue uninterrupted, innocent persons may suffer grievous bodily harm.

It is alleged that the Romans spend so much time with their guns that operations in the coal mines are progressing rather slowly. Some 600 miners used to load from thirty-three to thirty-five cars of coal daily, but the Italians are unable to run out more than three cars a day, and it is thought by the people of the vicinity, that if all the Italians were to quietly down and allow the Italians to work steadily that Mr. Armstrong will discharge them at a very early day because of there being in the road and a continued nuisance.

Complaints are made against the owners of the mines for placing in the hands of the foreigners, guns, which they seemingly prefer handling to digging coal.

Action will be taken in some quarter to put an end to these troubles at an early day, and it is to be hoped there will be no delay in bringing about the desired end.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Arrivals at the Principal Hotels from Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia.

CENTRAL HOTEL.

J. S. Myers, Franklin.
R. W. Bredin, do
E. W. Jackson, Mercer.
J. Hall, do
J. M. Brown, Salem, O.
Mrs. Hoge and child, do
J. Hoge, do
Co., W. Va.
A. M. Bonbright, Phila.
C. J. Nice, do
A. M. Sherrie, do
Mrs. J. W. Patton, Connaughville.
J. McDonald, Connaughville
W. S. Crozier, do
G. Wright, do
H. H. Montague, do
W. Power, do
A. H. Power, do
D. Eyre, do
A. P. Fetter, do
J. B. Frazier, do
S. S. McDowell, Connaughville.
J. C. Starkevant, Connaughville, do
W. W. Power, Connaughville
E. H. Power, do
W. H. Nichols, do
F. A. Temple, do
E. Shafer, do
Mrs. H. R. Shafer, do
F. W. Ellsworth, Meadville
A. Hallenbaek, Springfield, O.
Montelair, Orford Co
P. Brown, do
H. J. Williams and wife, Sharon.
A. D. Gillespie, Greenville
L. Larrimer, do
W. J. Reid, Dunbar.
R. Galbraith, Greensb'h.
Mrs. Miller, Woodville.
W. Fleeny, Butler.

ST. CLAIR HOTEL.

J. Schalin, Cochran's Mills
Mrs. Smallman, Wheeling
R. P. Hazen and lady, West Newton.
A. C. Wellooghby, do
H. A. Shoenberger, do
G. W. Mercein, Hanover
A. P. Gotham, Petrolia.
W. H. Brown, Clarion Co.
J. W. Pittlington, Fairview, W. Va
F. Rhoads, Clarion, do
F. P. Brow, Punxsutawney

UNION DEPOT HOTEL.

O. S. Bready, Brooky'n
A. J. Downs, do
C. E. Marchand, Alliance
J. H. Mayo, N. Bethleh'm
D. Lyon, Jr., do
C. M. Walker, Mon City
R. M. Uip, Sharon
Mrs. Schlebly, Dennison, O.
C. Scherr, Meadville
E. W. Powel, do
Mrs. Wagner N. Bright'n
Z. Egan, Carlisle
A. Holmes, Harrisb'g
D. Lyon, Jr., do
W. A. Mitchell, Warren
M. F. Dunn, Meadville
W. Sagart & w, Tinsv'
J. B. Stevenson & w, Mahoning.

COUNTERFEITERS UNEARTHED.

Arrest of Men Engaged in Manufacturing Spurious Nickels—Their Den in the Ninth Ward—Mr. Gustave Praetsch Taken Into Custody.

In yesterdays issue we referred to the arrest on Sunday of three young men, who gave their names as Andrew Miller, George Miller and Adam Wray, on suspicion of being concerned in the robbery of Borland's store, on Penn avenue, on the 25th of last month. Supicion was turned into certainty almost by finding some of the stolen goods on the persons of the men. A search warrant was placed in the hands of officers Gowdy and Lyons and thus armed they made an examination of the premises where the prisoners lived, at No. 573 Penn avenue, and in results the investigation proved to be a very important one. They found a large number of dies for making counterfeit five and three cent nickels, several bottles of arsenic, two crucibles, and metal from which the coins were made. There were also a number of finishing plates, and other implements used in the counterfeiting business. The articles were conveyed to the Mayor's office, where they now are. U. S. District Attorney Reed was informed of the discovery, and he detailed Detective Tom Pender to further work up the case. The two men, noted above, who gave their names as Miller, told falsehoods. Their names are August and Emil Lagab, and they are brothers. Detective Pender visited the house on Penn avenue, and arrested Albert Ratzky and Gustave Praetsch. Against these two gentlemen nothing positive is yet known, but to all who are familiar with the reputation of Mr. Praetsch, it would seem almost impossible that he should be concerned in the manufacture of spurious coin. Mr. Praetsch occupied a room in one of the upper stories of the building in which the counterfeiter's materials were found, but he had only been there since Monday of last week. The Lagab brothers, who are now in jail, are sons of the step-daughter of Mr. Praetsch, and their sister is the wife of Mr. Ratzky, who is an insurance agent. Mr. Praetsch, whose wife is dead, sold his house a week ago yesterday, and until he could procure suitable lodgings he went to reside with his step daughter. He protests his innocence of any connection whatever with the business of counterfeiting, and asserts his entire ignorance of the presence of counterfeiting machinery in the same house with him. Mr. Ratzky and his wife occupy two rooms in the building and he says he knew nothing of the doings of his brothers-in-law. Constantine Lagab, the father of the men in jail, returned home about two weeks ago and was startled to find that the arrest of his sons he has disappeared. The officers desire to effect his arrest also. Mr. Praetsch is a gentleman well-known in this city, is a member of the firm of Praetsch, Strouse & Co., bankers, was until recently a director of the Tenth ward bank and is a member of the Central Board of Education. In company with Mr. Ratzky he was last night taken before District Attorney Reed, but U. S. Commissioners Gamble and McCandless both being absent from the city, and Acting Mayor McMasters not to be found, he could not give bail and were committed to the Central Station House until this morning when they will doubtless be released on furnishing the requisite security.

An Elegant Ridge Avenue Building Site.

For sale, 75 feet on Ridge avenue by 120 to an alley. This property is situated on one of the most desirable, desirable and convenient portions of Allegheny City, near the elegant residences of Lincoln and Allegheny avenues and other fine portions on Ridge. Any person looking for a site for a home would do well to examine it. Will make terms and prices advantageous to buyers. Enquire of A. E. Carpenter, Pennsylvania Railroad metal yard, corner of Seventh avenue and Grant streets, Pittsburgh. TTH

Dunlap Hats

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

Ladies Watches.

The largest assortment of Ladies Gold Watches in the city to be found at Geo. W. Biggs, No. 128 Smithfield street, four doors above Sixth avenue.

Lorne Hat

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

Dr. Gale French,

DENTIST,
258 Penn avenue.

Hats for Big Heads.

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

Hats for Big Heads.

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

The Wives of Great Men

Oysters in every style at J. R. Hubley & Co.'s, in the Library Hall Building, after the lecture.

Lorne Hat

At Fleming & Oglevee's, 139 Wood street.

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